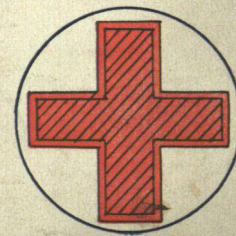




Citizens' Reception to the
SOLDIERS, SAILORS, MARINES
and **NURSES**
of **CHESTER, PENNSYLVANIA** *and*
VICINITY

JUNE 20-21 1919

On their return from
THE WORLD WAR 1914-1919





ILLUSTRATED SOUVENIR

OF THE

RECEPTION

TENDERED TO

Soldiers, Sailors, Marines and Nurses

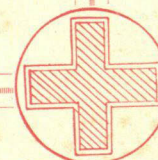
June Twentieth and Twenty-first

Nineteen Hundred and Nineteen

CONTAINING

Official Greetings, Brief Histories of the Twenty-eighth
Division and Seventy-ninth Division and a Roster of
the Soldiers, Sailors, Marines and Nurses of
Chester and Vicinity Who Served
in the World War

1919:
PRESS OF CHESTER TIMES
CHESTER, PA.





FOREWORD

OBVIOUSLY it is an impossible task, at this time, to trace the individual records of those scattered throughout every branch of the United States service.

From many sources has been collected the available material having to do with the records of the One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry of the Twenty-eighth (Iron) Division and the Seventy-ninth (Liberty) Division, the two organizations in which a majority of the men from this section served. And only in part is told the heroic deeds of the wearers of the Keystone and the Lorraine Cross.

Information at hand concerning the splendid records of the Ninety-second and Ninety-third Divisions, in which many men from this section served, is so indefinite as to preclude an outline which would do full justice to the valor and fighting ability of these commands.

Nor is it possible to detail the brilliant service of the Marine Corps, the Regular Army or the Navy. Likewise, it is impossible within the compass of this book to describe the work of mercy of the nurses or the efficient service of the Red Cross canteen workers.

Great effort has been made to secure the name of every man from the Chester District who served in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps, likewise the name of every woman serving as a nurse.

The names of those who were awarded the United States Distinguished Service Cross, the French Croix de Guerre, the Belgian Croix de Guerre, or any other decoration, have been carefully sought, but unavoidably some names have probably been omitted.

Official lists of casualties have been painstakingly examined, yet, despite every effort to make the lists complete and accurate, no doubt, errors and omissions have occurred.

However, with due honor to all, it can truly be said that every man and every woman—regardless of rank or branch of service—did his or her duty. Those who fell entered upon the Great Adventure with their faces toward the enemy and unafraid.



WELCOME HOME

THE part that you sons of Chester and vicinity had in the Great War is beyond the power of pen to describe or cold type to impart—it is a story written in crimson on the bloodiest fields of the world's greatest battles; a story pictured in scenes of heroic devotion to duty and sacrifice like unto that of Calvary's hill.

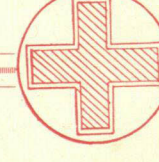
To tell the whole story would be to write, in great part, a complete history of America's share in the tremendous drama, for there was hardly a battle in which some Chester soldier, sailor, marine or nurse was not a participant.

Far from home and loved ones, in a strange land, without thought of personal gain or reward, you, our fellow citizens, with whom we so often had rubbed elbows in work and play or passed daily on the streets, plunged into veritable Infernos, unflinchingly facing bursting shells, the shrapnel's blast, the hail of bullets, clouds of deadly gas, waves of destroying flame and every other means of destruction that men or demons could devise.

Daring the lurking mine and the cowardly submarine on the Seven Seas, Chester's sons manned fighting craft and transport, while others waited beside the great guns of the dreadnaughts that challenged the slinking German fleet to come forth and battle with the ships of the freemen of the world.

While deserved homage is paid to those who came to grips with the foe, full credit must not be denied you others, so brave and true, to whom the glory of battle and chance of undying fame were denied—you men who worked and waited in the camps "over here" but never got "over there." And the last to withhold praise and admiration from you "soldiers out of luck" would be the boys who faced war's terrors at their worst.

Sharing equally in the glory with those who fought or otherwise served are you noble women whose errands of mercy as nurses or workers for the welfare of the valiant fighters beckoned you to serve along the far-flung





battle lines and who performed your duties with credit to your city, your country and yourselves.

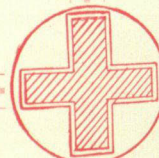
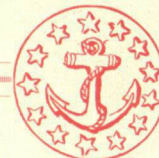
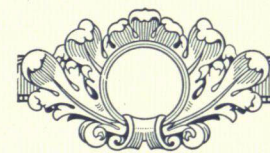
Your home city hails you with affectionate greeting.

No day in the city's history is more proud than the ones on which with wide-open arms you sons and daughters of ours are welcomed back to loved ones, friends and firesides.

But into the joy of greeting you who have come back to us, there creeps a note of proud sorrow because of our losses to that Silent Army sleeping where the flaming poppies bloom and the Bivouac of the Dead is held in distant France.

With bared heads and bowed hearts we stand in voiceless tribute to Chester's Dead.

Chester honors herself in honoring you, our heroes. From the depths of the heart of every citizen comes a sincere WELCOME HOME.



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.



Executive Department
HARRISBURG.

THE GOVERNOR

May 19th, 1919.

To the Honored Defenders of the Republic:

Words are rather poor things when it comes to trying to express extreme feelings of gratitude. No community anywhere feels more of a spirit of gratefulness to those who went out in answer to the Nation's call to arms than has old Chester. In fact, all of Pennsylvania has been honored beyond measure by the splendid young men who responded when the Republic needed them.

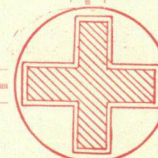
It is to the everlasting glory of Pennsylvania that her sons in the army, in the navy and in the marine corps played so important a part in settling, we hope for all time the assault upon civilization.

Those of us who remained at home tried to back up the work of our armed defenders and this community did its full share in every way. We may well be proud of Chester and our returning fighting men may be gratified that the community, its men and women, did their part so well.

Our welcome to you is sincere and our gratitude will be lasting. All honor to you.

Very sincerely,

Wm. E. Sprankle





House of Representatives U. S.

Washington, D. C.

June 12, 1919.

Greeting:

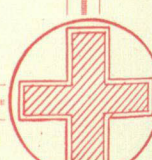
My affection for our soldiers over-powers me to a degree which makes my enumeration of their services unsafe. The historian, in the cool calculation which he will make a hundred years from now, will do them the justice that will carry them before the eyes of men into the countless ages. We must tell them now that they have a place in the history of all soldiers of all times that none other can or will have, because they stopped the Hun on the Marne on the 15th day of July, 1918, and turned his face, for the first time in the war, toward his native city. We must tell them now that the men with the pen, after reading the history of the second Marne, will say that the American soldiers saved Paris, saved America from German invasion, and preserved to humanity the right to govern itself in its own way.

We know but little of the sacrifice made by these men in their supreme moment. It seems almost profane to comment upon it. Many of them live now among the stars, where we will look for them when the night grows still, and we will find upon their faces an expression of satisfaction with the work they have done to prevent the bondage which the German promised to put upon American generations to come.

No word is within me which I can properly use to tell them of the value of the service rendered to every human being now living in the whole world, and who will live therein during the hundreds of years to come.

Make this event worthy of their successful effort, and make plain to these men of the Legions that your demonstrations are for them alone.

Thomas S. Butler
Thomas S. Butler



CITY OF CHESTER



PENNSYLVANIA

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS
W. S. McDOWELL
MAYOR

To the Nation's Honored Defenders:

The welcome home reception which it is our privilege to hold in your honor is but the material symbol of the deep affection of all your fellow citizens of Chester and vicinity for you who met every test of patriotism, courage and manhood, and acquitted yourselves like the true Americans you are.

During those dark days when you were so materially helping to turn the tide of battle in favor of freedom and civilization, your fellow townsmen watched with bated breath, and at times, almost stilled hearts, the reports of your determined struggle against the enemies of all that freemen hold dear.

We believed, of course, that you would win and you more than warranted our confidence in you. The service you rendered is beyond all praise.

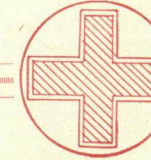
For those who fell in defense of the cherished ideals of Liberty and Democracy there is not alone the tear of sorrow but also undying gratitude in the sense of proud realization of the priceless heritage their blood bought for us and all mankind.

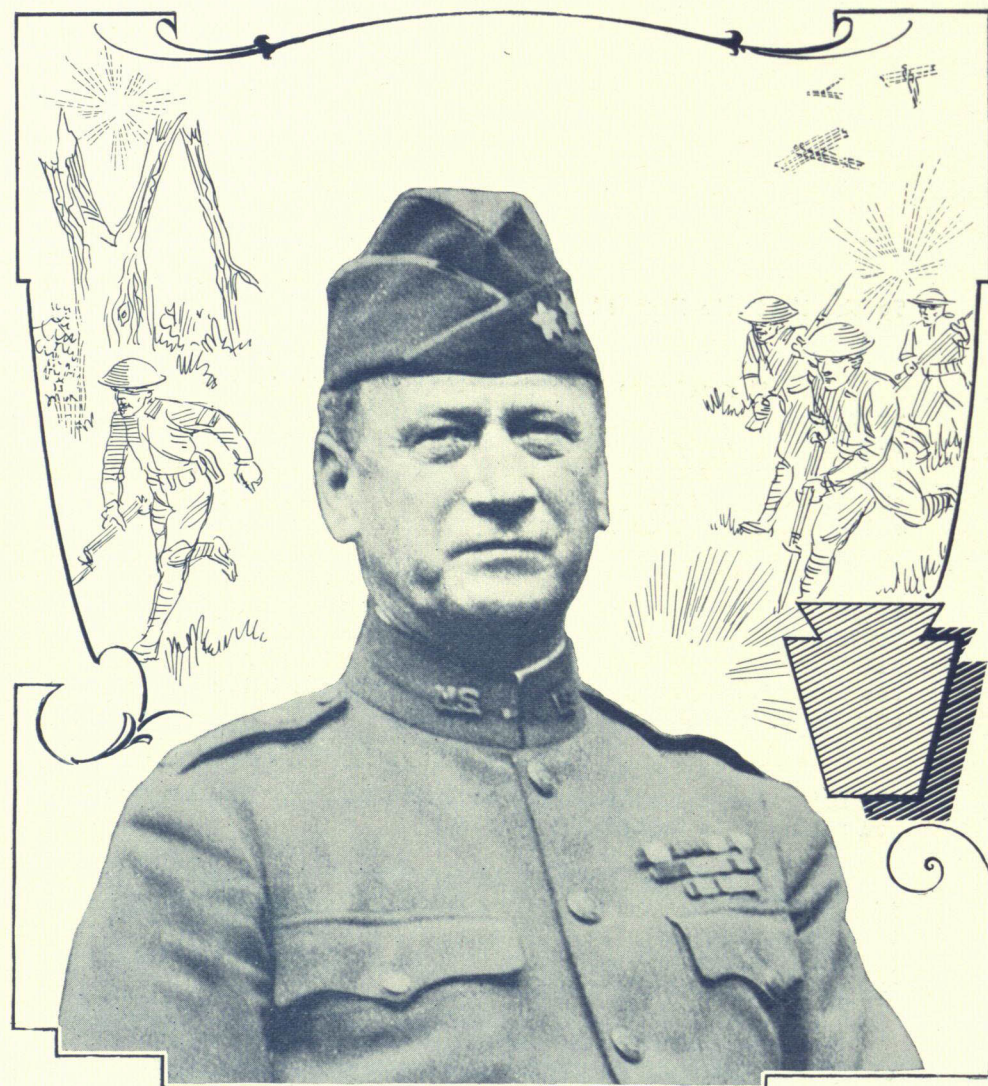
Chester extend hearty and sincere greeting to every soldier, sailor, marine and nurse who served home and country in the Great War.

With the best wishes for your prosperity and happiness, we welcome you back to home scenes and old associations.

Very cordially,

W. S. McDowell
Mayor.





MAJOR GENERAL CHARLES H. MUIR

Major General Muir, known to every doughboy of the Twenty-eighth Division as "Uncle Charley" because of care and consideration of his men, commanded the Division when it went to France and until just before the armistice was declared. When the Iron Division returned to this country, General Muir again took command.

KEYSTONE DIVISION'S CITATION

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES

General Order No. 143.

France, August 28, 1918.

It fills me with pride to record in General Orders a tribute to the service and achievements of the First and Third corps, comprising the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 26th, 28th, 32nd and 42nd divisions of the American Expeditionary Forces.

You came to the battlefield at the crucial hour of the Allied cause. For almost four years, the most formidable army the world has yet seen had pressed its invasion of France, and stood threatening its capital. At no time had any army been more powerful or menacing than when, on July 15, it struck again to destroy in one great battle the brave men opposed to it, and enforce its brutal will upon the world and civilization.

Three days later in conjunction with our Allies, you counter attacked. The Allied armies gained a brilliant victory that marks the turning point of the war. You did more than give our brave Allies the support to which, as a nation, our faith was pledged. You proved that our altruism, our pacific spirit, our sense of justice have not blunted our virility or our courage. You have shown that American initiative and energy are as fit for the test of war as for the pursuits of peace. You have justly won the unstinted praise of our Allies and the eternal gratitude of our countrymen.

We have paid for our successes in the lives of many of our brave comrades. We shall cherish their memory always, and claim for our history and literature their bravery, achievement and sacrifice.

This order will be read to all organizations at the first assembly formation after its receipt.

JOHN J. PERSHING, General,
Commander-in-Chief.



BRIGADIER GENERAL WILLIAM G. PRICE, Jr.

The following is a translation of the official French citation won by Brigadier General Price on the battle front:

"Brigadier W. G. Price, commanding Fifty-third Field Artillery Brigade.
 "A general officer of high technical value and of great tactical ability. He has injected his whole personality, heart and soul into the game since the beginning of the campaign. Out of his brigade he has developed a war instrument of the first class. He has just prepared and guided an operation in which his batteries have distinguished themselves by their courage and cold-blooded intrepidity."

General Price won the French Croix de Guerre and the Belgian Croix de Guerre.

"YOU ARE MEN OF IRON"

THE memory is short, indeed, which does not recall the time when the National Guardsman was lightly referred to as a "tin soldier." Then came that other day after the second battle of the Marne in July and August, 1918, when a high officer of the United States Army—said to have been General Pershing—with warm admiration for the troops of the Twenty-eighth Division, remarked, "You are not soldiers. You are men of iron."

And now, for all time, the former National Guard of Pennsylvania will hold its place in history as the Iron Division. As a unique honor to the valiant men of the Twenty-eighth Division, the United States War Department plans to retain the designation of the Iron Division by the organization of a command to be known by that title.

Inseparably interwoven with the history of the Iron Division is the record of the 111th Infantry Regiment, of which Companies B and C of the Old Sixth Regiment, N. G. P., were a part.

The 111th Regiment was organized at Camp Hancock from the Eighteenth National Guard Regiment, of Pittsburgh, and a part of the Sixth Regiment of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. Colonel Edward C. Shannon, formerly commander of the Fourth Pennsylvania Infantry, commanded the 111th throughout the war. "Two-yard" Shannon, the boys called him, because he was never more than a few feet from his men in any action.

The Fifty-third Artillery Brigade was commanded by Brigadier General William G. Price, Jr., of Chester.

True, much that the former guardsmen had learned in armory and annual encampment had to be unlearned, for like all other American soldiers, the men of the old N. G. P. had been taught the things that would serve them in battle with men, so when it came to face-to-face combat with the Prussian fiends, it became necessary to learn to "fight the devil with fire" and go him one better. And they did.

However, the discipline and spirit of obedience to officers stood the guardsmen in good stead and unquestionably played an important part in developing the men into a body of fighters with no superiors and few equals.



COLONEL EDWARD C. SHANNON

Colonel Shannon, commander of the One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry of the Iron Division, was known to the men he commanded as "Two-yards" Shannon because he was always within a few feet of them when in battle. Colonel Shannon commanded the Regiment from its organization until it was demobilized.

The honor of being the first units of the Twenty-eighth Division to come to grips with the Huns fell to the lot of two platoons of the 111th Regiment made up in part of men from Company B, of Chester.

These model platoons went into action with the French in an assault on Hill 204, July 1, 1918. As evidence of the valor with which they fought stands the record of the awarding of the Croix de Guerre to thirteen members of the little force, while both platoons won citations from the French regimental and divisional commanders.

During July in the advance through Epieds to the Forest de Fere in the Ourcq region, the Regiment's fighting resulted in heavy casualties and was marked by a large share in the glory of the successive combats.

The record made by batteries of the Fifty-third Artillery Brigade, commanded by Brigadier General Price, at Fismes and Fismette stands out as one of the most brilliant achievements of the war. For three weeks the guns of the Fifty-third poured shells into Fismes and Fismette until the two towns were heaped masses of debris.

By day the guns picked out building after building as a target and from the positions occupied by the batteries the effect of the fire could be plainly seen as one structure after another crumbled under the terrific blast of the carefully directed shells, while by night creeping barrages swept the area foot by foot with destructive fire.

Many a Hun artillery commander, finding his position untenable, was forced to withdraw his guns from without the range of the Fifty-third's deadly bombardment.

Fismes and Fismette followed the Ourcq advance. In the action at Fismes the Huns lost their ever-remaining defensive resource, but the terrific storm of shot, shell and gas failed to stem the onrush of the gallant men of the 111th and 112th Infantry, the two regiments stubbornly forging ahead in mortal combat over every inch of the Boche defenses.

At Fismette every building seemed to hold a machine gun and from every window of the shattered ruins riflemen and snipers poured fourth a deadly hail of bullets, while in places the debris-strewn street fairly swarmed with the green-gray uniforms of the Huns. Dead and wounded Boches were every-



where to be seen. With rifle, bayonet and grenade the boys of the Fifty-sixth Brigade shot, cut and blasted their way, foot by foot, through the ruined highways of the town; some standing exposed to the Hun fire from every place that offered shelter, quietly and steadily aimed bullets, of which few missed their mark. Others rushed the tumbling buildings and dark cellars, hurling with deadly precision the destructive grenade. With rifle butt, bayonet and naked fist, the Yankees felled Huns right and left without pause until not a target remained. The officers, side by side with their men, poured deadly volleys from their automatics, while they urged the doughboys on.

Naturally, the Keystone boys suffered severe casualties in that sort of fighting, but to use the expression of one of the doughboys, "You ought to see the other fellows."

Sanguinary as was the struggle around and in Fismes and Fismette and along the Vesle, greater losses were sustained as the 111th and 112th pressed forward at Courlandon in the advance toward the Aisne. This combat caused the heaviest losses of any single engagement in which the 111th had a part.

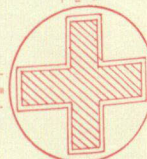
The region surrounding Courlandon, a hilly wooded area, gave the Germans every advantage, particularly in providing innumerable hiding places for machine-gun nests and the concealment of snipers. Too, the Huns were amply supplied with artillery, the hills and woods affording screens for massed batteries of guns of every calibre.

But the veteran doughboys of the 111th, with undaunted courage facing the frightful cannonade of the "heavies," the venomous sputtering of the Maxims and the thick hail of rifle bullets, surged forward, driving the Boches from their positions and investing Courlandon itself.

The 111th paid dearly in killed and wounded for its brilliant attack on and capture of Courlandon. In common with other regiments of the Twenty-eighth Division, the men of the 111th hoped that a rest period was ahead of them.

However, more strenuous work was ready for the Iron men, so through the Bar-le-Duc sector the 111th hiked to the Argonne, where, on September 26, it took its place on the right of the Fifty-fifth Infantry Brigade and again went into action.

Former successes were repeated as the Americans delivered telling blows against the Hun defenses, and smashing its way



forward, the Twenty-eighth Division drove the Boches through Varennes to Le Chene Tonde—Hills 244 and 245—lying south of Chatel Chehery.

The victory at Le Chene Tonde belongs to the 111th as part of its contribution to the triumphant Argonne drive.

Colonel Shannon, in describing the defeat of the Huns at Le Chene Tonde, said: "The regiment cut Hell out of them."

Le Chene Tonde was followed by the engagement at Xammes in the Thiaucourt sector, where, on November 4, Company C came out of the fight with but forty men, after inflicting the most disastrous losses on the Huns.

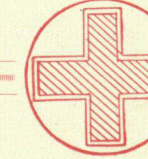
To the credit of the 111th stands the fact that it never gave back a single yard of the ground it gained at any period of the war.

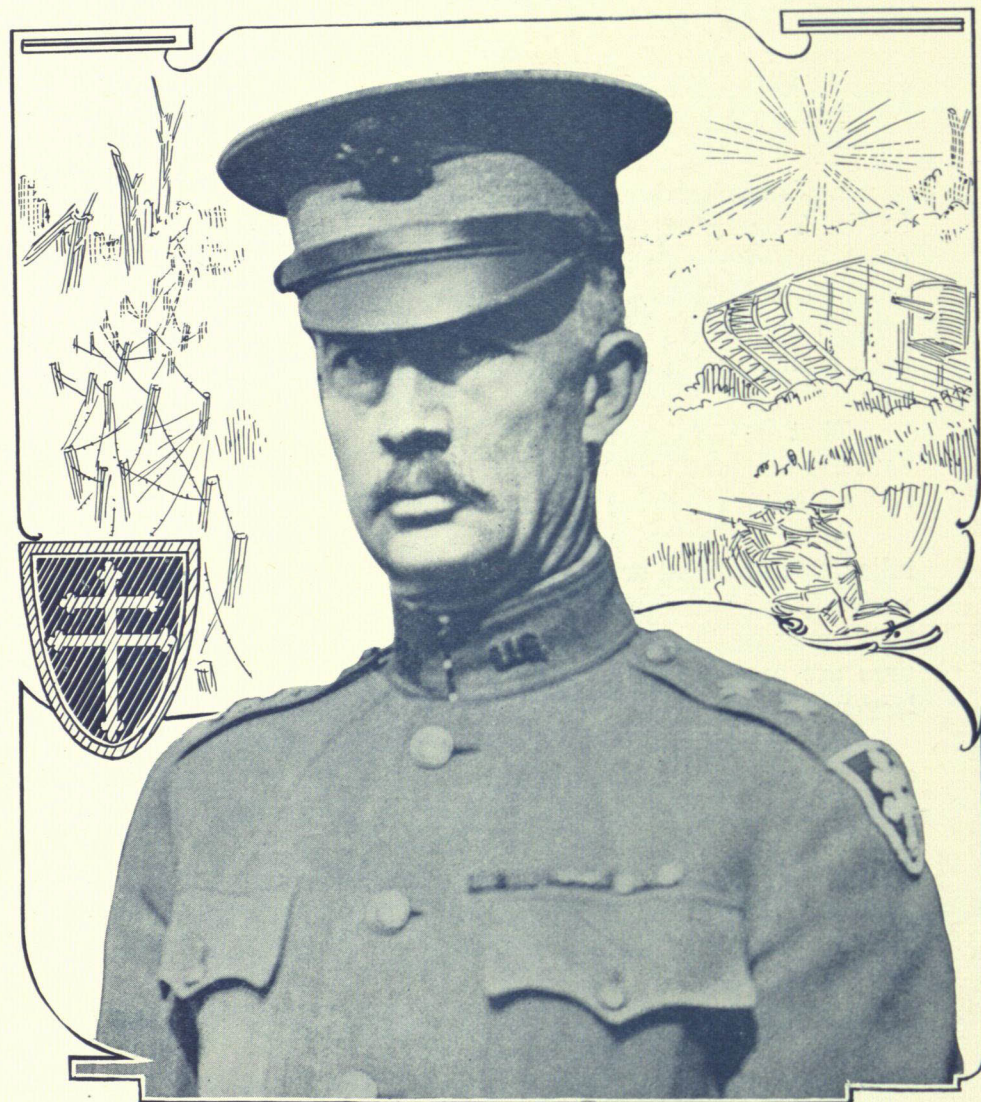
That sort of determination and fighting ability account for a casualty list totaling 60 per cent. of the original personnel of the regiment and requiring 2930 replacements.

Among the losses of the 111th Infantry were: Officers, killed, 22; wounded or gassed, 54. Total losses for the regiment were: Killed in action or died of wounds, 476; wounded or gassed, 2097; missing in action, 214; prisoners, 300. The foregoing figures are approximate. Likely the grand total is considerably larger.

The 111th Infantry is justly proud of the battle streamers on its regimental colors bearing testimony to the valor of the Iron Men in seven major engagements as follows: Chateau-Thierry, July 7 to 14; Champagne-Marne, July 1 to 18; Aisne-Marne, July 15 to August 6; Fismes-Fismette, August 7 to September 3; Oise-Aisne, September 4 to 7; Meuse-Argonne, September 26 to October 9; Thiaucourt sector, Toul, October 16 to November 11.

The Chester District has no greater boast than that so many of its sons had a part in some of the decisive battles which, it is the devout hope of all, helped make the world "a decent place to live in" for all time.





MAJOR GENERAL JOSEPH E. KUHN

Major General Kuhn was put in command of the Seventy-ninth Division when it was organized at Camp Meade. He was the Division's battle commander and headed it when it returned victorious from France. He was held in the highest respect, both as a soldier and a man, by the officers and men of the Liberty Division.

IRON DIVISION RECORD IN GREAT WORLD WAR

1917

July 15—National Guard of Pennsylvania called into Federal service.
 August 5—Designated the Twenty-eighth Division and made a part of the army.
 August 20—Division headquarters leave for Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., with other units following.
 November 15—Reorganization along war-strength specifications.

1918

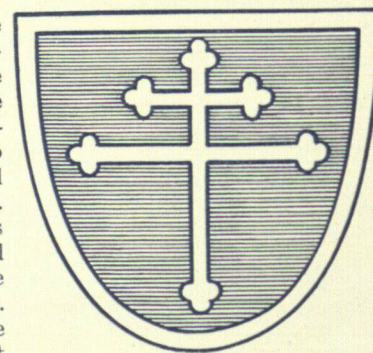
April 21—Division units start for Camp Upton, Long Island, N. Y., with others following.
 May 3—Division leaves New York for France.
 May 18—Division headquarters arrive at Calais.
 July 1—Two platoons of the 111th Infantry attack Hill No. 204, west of Chateau Thierry.
 July 7—Division designated as reserve for Thirty-eighth French Army Corps.
 July 16—One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry enters the line on the Marne.
 July 23—One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry relieves part of the Twenty-sixth Division.
 July 27—Fifty-fifth Brigade takes over Ourcq sector from Fresnes to Roncheres.
 July 30—Fifty-fifth Brigade relieved by part of the Thirty-second Division.
 August 6—Twenty-eighth Division relieves the Thirty-second Division along the Vesle.
 September 8—Twenty-eighth Division relieved by the French Sixty-third Division.
 September 20—Prepares for the great Argonne drive.
 September 26—Battle in the Argonne begins and Twenty-eighth advances beyond Chatel Chehery.
 October 9—Relieved by the Eighty-second Division.
 October 16—Twenty-eighth Division takes over Thiaucourt sector.
 November 11—Armistice signed.
 November 14—Division named to act in support of the American army of occupation.
 November 18—Division wins right to wear gold chevron for six months' overseas service.

1919

March 10—Review and inspection by General Pershing.
 March 24—First unit of the division, the 103rd Trench Mortar Battery, returns, arriving in Hoboken.
 May 12—Last units reach this country.
 May 15—Victory parade of the Twenty-eighth Division in Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA'S LORRAINE CROSS

When the German nation, drunk with its own conceit, trained to the last minute of forty years, in its mad lust for world domination, hurled its armies against France, the German military experts loosed overwhelming force to seize the Argonne Forest. The commanding importance of those wooded heights and valleys made them the scene of a bloody struggle of four years' duration. Gallant France spent her best blood and suffered her severest defeats in vain efforts to drive the Germans from their menacing positions. Two points were regarded as the key to the long and vital line. They are Dead Man's Hill and Montfaucon. So important were these eminences that the French High Command offered a special decoration to the units that would take and hold them from the Germans. This special decoration was the badge of the beloved Lost Province, the Lorraine Cross, gray on a blue field. But the men who held the Hun at Verdun could not win.



Then a strange army came. One of its divisions came from the coal mines and foundries and carpet factories and textile mills and counting houses and other employment centers of Pennsylvania and its neighbor states. It was the Seventy-ninth. And these boys, untried in war, hurriedly trained in all but spirit, took Dead Man's Hill and Montfaucon. And they kept Dead Man's Hill and Montfaucon. France bestowed upon them the Lorraine Cross. The American High Command made it the insignia of the division, substituting it for the gold star and circle, which had been the division's first distinguishing mark. That is the meaning of the Lorraine Cross. That is how it took its place in the history of Pennsylvania and the American Republic.—The North American.

WINNING THE LORRAINE CROSS

"THE Americans. Bah, they won't fight," said an officer of the German General Staff when it was announced that unless the Huns ceased their barbarous practices the United States would enter the Great War.

Even among our own people were those who held to the theory that "it takes years to make a soldier" and shaking their heads declared that America could not be a factor in the defeat of the Boches. And many of those who were soon to be called to the colors, themselves questioned whether they were made of fighting stuff.

But when the call came these peace-loving youths and men left forge and field, mill and mine, the counting room and corner store, and without bag or baggage bid farewell to home and kin and journeyed to cantonments to begin the grind of drill and study that would metamorphose mechanic, farmer, laborer, clerk and grocer's boy into sturdy fighting men.

Then came the time, when with rookie days but a few short months behind, doughboys in countless numbers swarmed out of the camps to board transports bound for "over there."

The story of America's contribution to the Great Victory will fill volumes of history, but no pages will be more brilliant than those which chronicle the exploits and valor of the men of the Seventy-ninth Division, so aptly styled the Liberty Division.

In great part the National Army men of Chester and nearby points were assigned to the Seventy-ninth Division, being distributed through the 313th, 314th, 315th and 316th Infantry Regiments, while others were detailed to machine-gun battalions and other units of the division.

The Seventy-ninth was made up almost entirely of eastern Pennsylvania, central Pennsylvania, Maryland and District of Columbia men.

On September 19, 1917, the first men for the division reached Camp Meade.

In the usual terse and unadorned language of a War Department report is given this record of the service of the Liberty Division:



1918

July 8—The division commenced its overseas movement, the majority embarking at Hoboken, N. J., and disembarking at Brest. The 154th F. A. Brigade embarked at Philadelphia and disembarked in England, proceeding from there to a training area in France. This Artillery Brigade joined the division after the armistice.

July 19—The division left Brest for the Twelfth Training Area, but were diverted to the Tenth Training Area around Prauthoy and Champlite.

September 9—Left the training area for the Robert Espagne area by rail. Subsequently proceeded by bus on September 16, relieving a division in Sector 304 (Montfaucon).

September 26 to October 26—The division under the Fifth Corps made its first offensive in the Meuse-Argonne drive, advancing through Haucourt and Malancourt. On September 27 they passed through Montfaucon and on September 28 through Nantillois. They were relieved in this sector on September 30 and passed to the command of the Second Colonial French Corps, moving October 8 to the Troyan sector (Fresnes-en-Woevre-Doncourt). Were relieved in this sector October 26.

October 30 to November 11—Entered the Grand Montagne sector (right of Meuse) and participated in the second phase of the Meuse Argonne offensive, under the 17th French Corps, advancing through Borne-du-Cornouiller (Hill 378) on November 6 and through Damvillers and Davrille on November 9. Villedévant-Chaumont was passed on November 11.

November 26—The division remained in same location and also took over area from Meuse river to Fresnes-en-Woevre until November 26.

December 27—The division moved to Souilly area, south of Verdun.

At the time of the review by General Pershing, on April 12, 1919, the following figures were correct:

TOTAL ADVANCE

Montfaucon Sector	10	kilos
Grande-Montagne Sector	9½	kilos
Total	19½	kilos

PRISONERS TAKEN

Montfaucon Sector	905
Grande-Montagne Sector	192
Troyon Sector	23
Total	1,120



CASUALTIES

	Officers	Men.
Killed	51	1252
Wounded	207	5447
Missing	0	173
Total	258	6872

AWARDS WITHIN THE DIVISION

Distinguished Service Cross	62
Croix de Guerre	52

Shortly before the departure of the Liberty Division from France, General Dodellier, of the French Army, in addressing Major General Joseph E. Kuhn, commander of the Seventy-ninth Division, said:

When, in the month of July, 1918, the Seventy-ninth division debarked in France, the last battles of the war were going on. It was the hour when no effort could be spared. After some weeks of instruction, your division, in the early part of September, entered the line near the citadel of Verdun. It was in this sector of Lorraine that they were called upon to prove themselves.

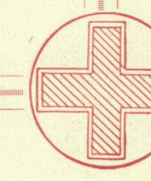
In the fighting of November, 1918, the Seventy-ninth division showed valor and the spirit of sacrifice.

The name of the Magenta farm and the Pantaleon farm will remain, I am certain, in the memory of your soldiers, reminders of hard and glorious days.

I take pleasure in recalling these splendid feats of arms at the moment when the Seventy-ninth division is embarking to return to the mother country. I am happy to say to your soldiers that they are worthy of their great country, and that France will not forget the help they brought in the common struggle for justice and liberty.

So far generalities have been dealt in, but what of the actual story of the combats and victories that crowned the standards of the Liberty Division with imperishable glory and gave every man of the command place with the Immortals of the world!

Fragmental and disconnected, a detail here, another there, the all too incomplete narrative filters through the confusion of the battle front. War Department reports, newspaper correspondents articles, citations of deeds of valor, the little the actors in the great drama of war reluctantly tell of personal experiences—each has contributed its part to the writing of this inadequate chronicle.





The Seventy-ninth Division's Infantry Regiments received their baptism of fire on September 26, 1918, when orders came to take Montfaucon, a towering height, during the Meuse-Argonne drive.

Already the engineers of the command had, in the face of deadly resistance, built roads and otherwise prepared the way for the assault on "Germany's Little Gibraltar," while more or less effective effort had been made by pioneer detachments to make gaps in the maze of barbed-wire entanglements.

Led by shock troops, composed of details from every regiment, the boys went "over the top," many of them to glory and to death.

Throughout the night of September 25-26, the men of the Liberty Division had streamed silently into the trenches, a fact of which the Boches had learned, but somehow made but one effort to check the flow of Yankee fighters. However, that one effort cost several lives when a dozen or so high-explosive shells were hurled into the ranks of the Seventy-ninth.

Naturally, few of the boys slept that eventful night. Some few joked and laughed in an undertone, though in great part the manner of the men was serious and many a lad's face wore a far-away expression as if thoughts of scenes in far-distant Pennsylvania or Maryland and memories of home and mother filled his mind.

With the coming of dawn, the supporting artillery opened fire, the roar of the guns reverberating over field and wood and the foothills of the Hun stronghold, 1200 feet above sea-level—a mighty crescendo from the hoarse-voiced cannon that fairly rocked the earth. With terrifying whines the shells from the batteries of 75's sped on their death-dealing mission. High over head circled the Boche planes like vultures. A smoke screen, wafted by a favorable wind, rolled forward from in front of the Seventy-ninth's trenches.

At precisely 5.30, the order to go "over" was given and with a rush the khaki-clad boys began the victorious advance, which the best of the veteran troops of France had for four long years failed to accomplish.

The sound of the distant German artillery was drowned by the incessant booming of the American guns, but high-explosive shells burst on every side of the Seventy-ninth's advance, while



machine-gun and rifle fire swept the entire area over which our men fought. However, the artillery fire of the Boches, together with that of the Maxims and the rifles, steadily decreased in volume as the well-directed shells of the American gunners silenced one after another of the German guns and ripped the first-line trenches from end to end.

Following close on the heels of the doughboys, the artillery with the division advanced, the 75's at a ten-shots-a-minute rate kept a steady stream of shells going into the defenses of the Huns until the guns were scorching hot. Even before the recoil had stopped, breeches were open and fresh shells were fed to the hungry guns.

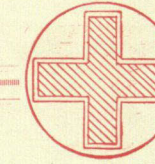
True, many of the men of the Seventy-ninth had gone down wounded and all too many had made the "supreme sacrifice," but losses had been kept to the minimum.

A considerable advance was made as the morning wore on. Then, shortly before noon, decision was reached to press a detachment forward in an attempt to attain a vitally important position in a wood. To reach this strategic point the way lay over an open space pitted with shell holes and in direct line with the frontal fire of the enemy artillery and rifles and the enfilading sweep of the Boche machine guns.

With undaunted courage the boys of the Liberty Division, their officers leading, launched the attack. The most sanguinary fighting was the result, but despite their losses, the men of the Seventy-ninth pushed doggedly forward. Every place that would hold a machine gun was occupied by a Maxim and every tree held snipers, but the machine-gun nests were wrested from the enemy in hand-to-hand combat and with a thud many a sniper dropped from his tree-top perch bored by the accurately-aimed bullet of an American doughboy.

Officers, "non-coms" and privates in great numbers went down in that costly assault upon one of the enemy's strongest positions, but the objective was gained and as shades of darkness fell, the exhausted men lay down to sleep. And they slept on ground that had been held by the Huns for more than two years.

While the scene described was being enacted by men of the 313th Infantry, their fellows of the 314th were delivering smashing blows on the Boche defenses at another point. With the dash





MAJOR BENJAMIN S. BERRY, U. S. M. C.

Major Berry led the Third Battalion of the Fifth Marines in the Belleau Wood fight in which he was wounded.

Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels paid tribute to Major Berry in the following language: "After four days of dogged resistance and ceaseless fighting, which stemmed the tide of the German advance, Major Berry, at the head of his gallant battalion of the Fifth Marines, began the counter-attack which drove the Germans out of the forest of Belleau.

"Major Berry plunged into that terrible wood at the head of his battalion, fearlessly setting a heroic example to his men, the memory of which remained with them even after Major Berry had fallen a victim to German bullets."

Major Berry was awarded the United States Distinguished Service Cross and the French Croix de Guerre with a star.

and abandon of youthful and inexperienced troops the boys of the 314th hurled themselves against machine-gun positions and standing in the open, facing the enemy's point-blank rifle artillery and rifle fire, sprayed the Boche trenches with a hail of bullets.

Neither the fire of the enemy or the advice of the 314th's officers to avoid unnecessary sacrifice deterred these valiant lads in their reckless determination to drive the Germans out. Smashing their way through the Bois de Beige and then across an open field swept by the most galling fire, the 314th captured the village of Malancourt, a place across which successive battles had see-sawed for four years, having been taken six times by the French and a like number of times by the Boche. But the Twenty-sixth day of September, 1918, marked the final rout of the Huns.

With equal valor the men of the 315th and 316th Infantries had played their part in the battle. When the day ended, outlined in the twilight, could be seen Montfaucon, the great objective, as the battle-wearied troops of the 313th, 314th, 315th and 316th "dug in" for the night.

The morning of September 27 was a dismal one with alternate drizzles and downpours of rain. As the boys of the Liberty Division leaped from their trenches at 5.30 the Huns cut loose with all the artillery they had, mixing countless gas shells with shrapnel and high-explosive fire. Daunted not by the "hymns of hate" that the Boche shells chanted, the put, put, put of the machine guns, the zing of rifle bullets, the stifling gas or the fury of the elements, on those brave boys went, their clothes sopping wet, but their spirits high, determined to wrest the towering summit from the hands of the invaders.

The deadly fire of the Huns mowed down platoons like grass, but the ranks were quickly filled by comrades of the fallen ones and the line swept steadily forward until afternoon, when a battalion of the 313th fought its way in Montfaucon, driving the Huns from the town. A battalion of the 316th, supporting the 313th, reached Montfaucon less than one hour after the 313th had entered, while companies of the 315th swarmed back of the 314th within a quarter of an hour after the ridge of Montfaucon had been occupied by men of the former command.



Acts of the greatest heroism and supreme self-sacrifice marked every yard of the Seventy-ninth's victorious advance as doughboys risked, and some gave their lives to save their officers, while those in command, with equal bravery, laid down their lives for the men under them.

Brilliant pages in the nation's history were written in blood on those memorable days of September 26 and 27, and no less lustrous was the chapter added during succeeding days when the five-day offensive was victoriously finished on September 30. In that short period the Seventy-ninth Division had been the deciding factor in the capture of Montfaucon, Malancourt, Bethincourt, Nantillois, Cruizy, Danneaux, Gerecourt-et-Drillancourt and the Madeleine Farm.

Utterly exhausted in body, but with spirit undismayed, the Seventy-ninth Division was ordered to withdraw. The welcome news reached headquarters in the early morning of September 30. However, it was not until after dark that fresh troops arrived to relieve the 313th and 314th, while the 315th and 316th were not relieved until the afternoon of October 1. Badly "shot up," racked in body and nerves, many of the men were gaunt spectres of the robust youths that had less than one week before dashed into the fray with all the vigor and enthusiasm of young manhood. Tired to the point of collapse the men faced several days of wearisome marching before they reached a quiet sector on the St. Mihiel front.

In a measure, "quiet sector" was a misnomer. In the words of Brigadier General William J. Nicholson, "It was a quiet sector until we got there."

During the stay of the Seventy-ninth Division, companies of all four regiments took turns in the dugouts guarding the front, while those not engaged in this duty occupied rest billets in the rear.

Possibly unaware of the presence of the men whose fighting had put fear in the hearts of the Huns at Montfaucon, Fritz constantly harassed the Seventy-ninth's trenches with attempted raids and shell fire. Fortunately the casualties were negligible in the ranks of the Americans, but not so with the Boches, for the accurate fire of the Pennsylvania, Maryland and District of Columbia boys accounted for many a Hun.



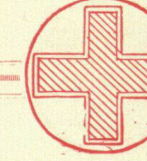
After the victory at Montfaucon the gallant boys of the Liberty Division, with pardonable pride and just reason, considered themselves veterans and as news of the irresistible advance of the American and Allied Armies was posted daily on the bulletin boards the thought of a continuance of inactivity chafed and irritated the men.

On October 29 came the welcome word that the division was to move. None knew where and few cared, except that their course lay toward the battle front.

As events transpired, the Seventy-ninth was destined to add further lustre to its name by the magnificent victory it so materially aided to win in the Battle of Belleu Wood.

Space does not permit a detailed account of the valorous work of the Liberty Division in the action of the Bois Belleu nor during the intervening days from November 8, when they emerged victorious from that fight, to the eventful day of November 11, when the Huns threw up their hands at the time the armistice went into effect.

Briefly, the Seventy-ninth Division swept the Germans back to the Cote de Romagne and was still smashing them to pieces up to the very minute of 11 o'clock on the morning of November 11. When the order "cease firing" was given, the Seventy-ninth to a man was headed toward Berlin.



"FOR EXTRAORDINARY HEROISM"

Lack of official records or other information make it impossible to even list the names of all the men of Chester and vicinity who won the distinction of having been cited "for extraordinary heroism in action" carrying with the citation the award of the United States Distinguished Service Cross, the French Croix de Guerre, the Belgian Croix de Guerre or other military decoration.

The deeds of valor, here recited, are indicative of the heroism and self-sacrifice necessary to win one of the coveted decorations.

In the words of one to whom came the honor of winning a Distinguished Service Cross, "Opportunity gave some of us distinction among comrade no less brave."

Edmund W. Lynch, captain, 111th Infantry. On August 10, 1918, while his command was fighting at Fismette, two platoons in his company were cut off by the enemy. Captain Lynch went to their rescue and engaged the enemy with his automatic pistol. He killed several but sacrificed his own life. He lived at Sharon Hill, Pa.

Alfred Stevenson, sergeant, Company C, 111th Infantry. Sergeant Stevenson, on August 10, 1918, while the regiment was fighting at Fismette, went through heavy machine-gun fire to carry a message to an advanced unit. On his return he went to the aid of a wounded comrade and sustained a mortal wound. He lived in Linwood, Pa.

Robert R. Riley, of Chester, corporal, Company C, 111th Infantry. During the action at Fismette on August 10, 1918, Corporal Riley, having heard that two wounded comrades were lying in advance of the line immediately north of Fismette, volunteered with two other members of his company to go through machine-gun and rifle fire to bring them in. On their first attempt all were wounded and driven back, but in spite of their injuries they advanced a second time and reached the place where the men had been seen. Their courageous effort, however, was unfortunately in vain, as their comrades had been killed.

A. F. Amodio, lieutenant, won the French Croix de Guerre for valor in action with the Second French Army at Verdun. Lieutenant Amodio was cited for extraordinary heroism after he jumped into the La Gironde river at night and saved two lives. He lives at 126 East Broad street, Chester.

THE PRICE OF VICTORY

Chester and vicinity suffered severe losses in the great struggle to "make the world safe for Democracy." The list which follows names a part of those who made the supreme sacrifice or paid a lesser price to help win the Great Victory:

KILLED

BaBatino, Benjamin
Banse, Fred W.
Blythe, Clarence H.
Booth, George W.
Boyken, William
Bradley, James N.
Brown, Harry
Brush, Harry
Buckalew, Clarence F.

Campbell, Clarence
Carr, Thomas
Chesoslosky, George
Counsell, Julius K.
Cross, James C.
Cunningham, William M.

Delaney, John
Derrickson, William P.
Dimaula, Alexander
Dreslin, George D.

Emmertz, Lawrence J.

Farr, Charles A.
Faulkner, Gordon L.
Ferguson, Clarence P.
Ford, James S.

Grant, Harry J.

Hanling, Arthur R.
Harkins, William
Higgins, Jefferis
Holladay, Harry
Holt, Carl
Horsey, Charles
Hughes, Herman
Hyluszyk, Warko
Jackson, Willis
Jefferis, Willieforde W.
Jopp, Samuel Irvin

Kazlawski, Anthony
Kennedy, J. Andrew
King, James B.
King, Langston

Lambert, A.
Leach, Rufus E.
Leary, John J.
Lerch, Byron B.
Lloyd, Wilson
Loveland, William
Lynch, Edmund W.

McAndrews, Thomas
McLean, James T.
McDevitt, John A.
MacDonald, George
Maher, Joseph F.
Malges, Gennario
Mannering, Wilmer N.
Mason, L. F.
Mason, Thomas T.
Meinzer, William J.
Mitchell, Walter S.
Mortland, Clarence L.
Moseley, Harry J.
Mullin, Joseph A.

Newsome, James

Palumbo, Pasquele
Panasik, Samuel
Pisticoudis, Theodore

Robinson, Harry G., Jr.
Rosenberger, Benjamin
Routhkowski, Anthony
Ruddock, Alexander
Rywacki, Waclaw
Samuels, Alexander
Sancken, Jacob



Scialla, Domenico
Scipione, Genarro
Shields, David J.
Smith, William F.
Spence, William
Stein, Theodore W.
Stevenson, Alfred
Stevenson, Frank W.
Szelonouski, L.
Szymanski, Walter

Taylor, Finley
Taylor, Herbert H.
Thomas, Roy
Vanaman, Thomas
Walker, Frank R.
Walker, Jesse
Wholahan, Raymond
Watmuff, Percy
Yost, James

DIED OF DISEASE AND
MISSING

Cailoa, Oresta
Carey, Stephan Harold
Cavalano, Angelo
Clark, Roy
Dubosky, Michael
Freimuth, Philip J.
Hutchinson, Parker

Johnson, Rudolph
Kolosike, Frank
Lohrman, Joseph A.
McCoach, George F.
Pilkington, Clarence
Price, Daniel
Thorpe, William H.

WOUNDED

Ackroyd, Harry
Allen, Roy C.
Ambrosia, Guiseppe D.
Angelina, Nazareno
Arnold, Clifford H.
Auld, Alexander

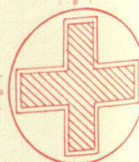
Bailey, Fred E.
Bakely, Charles M.
Bartlett, Murry W.
Battersby, Hiram
Beaumont, Joseph F.
Beck, Walter
Benson, Herman V.
Berenato, Thomas
Berry, Benj. S.
Binckley, John L.
Blain, West E.
Borys, Wartlaw
Bradford, Benjamin
Bradley, Lawrence
Buckley, Clifford Stell
Burk, Walter S.
Bush, Andrew

Campbell, Thomas J.
Carey, William J.

Carr, Hugh J.
Carroll, Richard N.
Chandler, Wayne
Clancey, John L.
Clough, Frank R.
Collins, Frank
Collins, William
Courduff, Gordon
Culbert, Harry
Culbert, John S.
Cummings, Michael
Courcey, John

Detwiler, Byron
DiCarlantino, Carmine
Doran, Frank
Dorn, Frank J.
Downey, Leighton S.
Dougherty, William F.
Doyle, John
Dugan, Joseph F.
Dura, Leon

Earner, John Joseph
Epstein, Max
Evans, Wm. B.
Ewing, LeRoy



Fleming, William
Foglio, Gennaro
Frankel, Robert B.
Gibbs, Harold G.
Gihorski, Michael
Gilcken, Horace I.
Giorgi, Steve
Goldsboro, Earl
Goudy, Harry W.
Grant, Dominick
Guilday, Felix

Hanna, Samuel Vincent
Henry, George

Jackson, Austin
Johnson, Alfred

Koleta, John
Kaufman, Harry A.
King, John J.
Kissinger, Eugene A., Jr.
Konegan, John
Kuntz, Albert

Lainhauser, Charles F.
Lamey, Jesse E.

Lanken, Reuben
Lauser, William
Leary, Michael
Leary, William
Lentz, Charles
Levandouski, Frank
Lykens, Albert A.

McAndrews, Thomas
McCafferty, William E.
McDevitt, John A.
McDowell, Stanley
McElwee, Bernard
McElwee, John
McGuire, Walter J.
McKinney, Arthur
McLaughlin, Michael
Mason, Charles W.
Matonti, Vincenze
Mealing, Walter H.
Middleton, David A., Jr.
Miller, Bennie
Montgomery, Clyde B.
Moyer, Joseph

Mullen, Charles A.
Murphy, Francis L.

Nelson, Hunter
Newlin, Benj. F.
Nixon, Howard T.

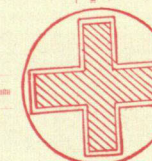
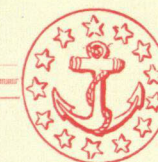
O'Brien, Shirley C.
O'Carroll, Patrick F.
Oglesby, Harry
O'Leary, Martin J.

Parkinson, William F.
Pasquini, Francesco
Paxson, Frank G.
Peterson, Henry L.

Ralph, James D.
Rawley, Ernest, Jr.
Rawling, John
Reider, Myer
Resistino, Rigerio
Ricci, John
Rifenburg, Orville L.
Riley, Robert
Roche, Edward
Rodgers, James C.
Ruthkowski, John
Ryan, Joseph

Scott, James
Scully, Vincent
Sharpless, Ed. J.
Shaw, John W.
Sheaf, Raymond
Shields, George
Simpson, Albert E.
Smith, John W.
Soles, Harry G.
Stavolo, James
Steininger, Roy H.
Stewart, George M.
Stewart, Lawrence F.
Stockman, William J.
Strain, James

Tassoni, Luciano
Taylor, Elwood
Thomas, Peter
Tood, William
Towlson, Arthur E.
Truax, Walter G.





Voosellino, Joseph
Walker, Jacob
Walsh, Michael J.
Ward, Thomas J.
Watkins, Ernest M.

Watson, Samuel
Wholahan, Joseph
Wood, Jesse O.
Woolley, John Wm.
Wright, George W.
Wright, William H., Jr.

GASSED

Arnold, Fred L.
Ayres, Philip W., Jr.

Bouchat, Clarence
Bowman, Dewey
Boyle, Hugh P.
Brennan, John

Carpenter, Harry H.
Callahan, Charles
Callahan, Hugh J.
Crossett, Wm. C.

Davis, Edward J.
Dougherty, William
Doyle, Robt. Francis

Fromal, Lewis

Gallagher, George F.
Glass, William L.
Grant, Harry J.
Guilday, Michael D.
Guilday, Thomas K.

Hulton, Thomas
Hurdle, Bonard S.

Kealey, Edward J.
Knarr, William
Knox, Robert M.

Loveland, Alonzo

McDevitt, William
Meinzer, Edward J.
Moore, William E.
Moyer, Cornelius W.
Murphy, Murray J.

Newlin, Elmer

Oglesby, Philip P.

Pascale, Michael
Poirier, Ernest J.
Pollock, Ward

Rains, Milo E.
Ruth, William R.
Ryan, Thomas J.

Siegal, Max R.
Simpson, Alpheus J.
Simpson, Francis E.
Smith, Kellar F.
Sproul, John R.
Sterdick, Harry
Stewart, George M.
Straehle, Louis C.
Swanger, Lawrence R.
Sykes, Thomas J. C.

Warwick, William
Wells, Ernest
West, Samuel T.

PRISONERS

Casey, Francis D.
Dougherty, Owen
Killoran, John
Louth, George

Melchoir, Luco
Quann, Robert E.
Thorpe, William H.



THE HONOR ROLL

Roster of Soldiers, Sailors, Marines and Nurses of Chester and vicinity who served in the Great War:

A
Abel, Clyde M.
Abisontoni, Julius
Abbott, Harry V.
Abbott, John
Ackrogd, Harry
Adams, Eugene
Addie, Jennings
Agresto, Frederico
Aguilla, Thomas
Ahn, Herbert
Ahn, Walter
Aigner, Martin
Aiken, Solomon
Ainsworth, Thomas
Akncing, Frank
Akucewicz, Frank
Albany, James S.
Alberta, Anntino
Alberto, Anthony
Albng, W. F.
Albright, Geo. T.
Albright, Wm. F.
Alexander, Amos
Alexander, Wishnevsky
Algeria, Guiseppe
Allen, Coy C.
Allison, John
Alm, Earl L.
Alper, Samuel
Alve, Tony
Ambrose, John
Ambrosia, Guiseppe D.
Ameroso, Doenarvo
Ames, Alexander
Amodio, A. F.
Anderson, Arthur W.
Anderson, Chas. T.
Anderson, Francis E.
Anderson, Henry
Anderson, James
Anderson, John
Anderson, Wm. A.
Andrissi, Felix
Andrus, Albert
Angelina, Nazareno
Angelini, Ticiani
Angelini, Luciano
Angelion, Louis
Angelopounose, Peter G.
Annunci, David
Appetito, Alfredo
April, Herbert H.
Apyciafuoco, Pasquale

Ardes, John Wm.
Ardes, John E.
Armentrout, Chas.
Armitage, Geo. L.
Armstrong, Edw. M.
Armstrong, Wm. C.
Arnold, Clifford H.
Arnold, Fred L.
Arnold, Jos. P. W.
Aschne, James
Ashbee, Herbert J.
Ashley, Elijah
Ashworth, Samuel A.
Atherholt, Wm. L.
Atrosky, Frank
Auld, Alexander
Averle, Baltiste
Ayres, Philip W., Jr.

B

Bachinski, Felix
Babation, Ben.
Bagley, Chas.
Bagley, Jas.
Bagley, Thos.
Bagshaw, Jas. R.
Baig, Alonzo
Bail, Chas. J.
Bail, Ignatius J.
Bailey, Fred E.
Baker, Chas.
Baker, Ed. F.
Baker, Horace W.
Baker, Luther S.
Baker, Chester F.
Baker, Walter C.
Bakley, Chas. M.
Ball, A. C.
Ballard, Roscoe
Ballod, Ed.
Banks, Fred
Banse, Fred W.
Barber, P. B.
Barett, Wm.
Barlow, Ed. E.
Barnett, Jos.
Barnett, Wm. J.
Barnes, Robt. E.
Barnshaw, Russel W.
Baron, Walter
Barr, Jos. J.
Barrea, Guiseppe
Barrett, Jos. W.
Barrett, Wm.

Bartlett, Murry W.
Barton, Geo. C.
Barton, Gilbert C.
Bates, Earl
Bates, Earl I.
Batten, Harry H.
Battersby, Hiram
Battersby, Jas. R.
Battineri, Mattia
Bauer, Louis S.
Baxter, Alexander
Baxter, J.
Baylor, Woodie
Baymore, John R.
Beaumont, Jos. F.
Beaumont, Milton A.
Beaumont, Paul
Beck, Walter
Bedwell, Isaac
Beech, Paul B.
Beeson, Herbert P.
Begley, Daniel
Begley, Chas.
Behrens, George G.
Beishl, Joseph
Belinsky, Jos.
Bell, Bernard
Bell, Harry
Bell, Lloyd
Belli, Quirion
Bellie, Jos. C.
Bender, Harry
Bender, Walter
Bennett, A. G.
Bennett, John
Bennett, D.
Bennington, Ross P.
Benson, Herman
Benson, Jos. R.
Berandinelli, James
Berenato, Thos.
Bergey, Calvin
Berlew, Claude
Berlew, Roy
Berman, Maurice
Bernet, Wm. J.
Bertino, Nathan
Berry, Ben. S.
Berry, Homer
Berry, Nathan H.
Berry, Paul B.
Bessette, Jos. V.
Bessinger, John J.
Bethard, Thos.



Bifeno, Resistino
 Bigger, Walter R.
 Bigger, Grim
 Billstein, Arthur E.
 Billstein, Walter
 Binckley, John
 Bird, Geo.
 Bird, Norman F.
 Birtwell, John
 Birtwell, Wm. M.
 Black, Thos. Leiper
 Black, Wm.
 Blackburn, John D.
 Blackburn, Wm. S.
 Blackwell, Frank S.
 Blaice, Wm.
 Blain, W. E.
 Blair, Jas.
 Blake, Jas.
 Blakeley, Wm. S.
 Blanche, Raymond B.
 Bland, Aaron F.
 Blansfield, Geo. Baird
 Bleck, Wm.
 Blithe, Clarence H.
 Blizzard, Harry B.
 Blizzard, Roy
 Bloom, Harris T.
 Bloomfield, Isaac
 Boechchio, Poulitino
 Boden, John J.
 Bohan, Patrick Jos.
 Boles, John
 Bond, Rufus E.
 Bongini, Victor
 Bonner, Lauern Wm.
 Boon, Harold
 Boone, Elijah
 Booth, Chas.
 Booth, Chas. H.
 Booth, Geo. W.
 Booth, John L.
 Booth, Thos. H.
 Borgi, Cammillo
 Borkowski, Joseph
 Borys, Wartlaw
 Bosco, Jos.
 Bouchart, Clarence
 Bouchelle, Benj. B.
 Bouchelle, Millard F.
 Boughner, Jos.
 Boulding, Ed.
 Bowman, Dewey
 Bowsher, Herbert Lionel
 Bowers, Wilfred
 Boyd, Chas. M.
 Boyd, John M.
 Boyer, Frank C.

Boyer, Geo. H.
 Boyer, Harry
 Boyken, Wm.
 Boykewicz, Nichola
 Boyle, Andrew W.
 Boyle, Chas.
 Boyle, Cornelius F.
 Boyle, Hugh P.
 Boyle, John C.
 Boyrs, W.
 Boznango, Mike
 Brad, Samuel
 Bradford, Benjamin
 Bradley, Edw. J.
 Bradley, James
 Bradley, James N.
 Bradley, John J.
 Bradley, Lawrence
 Bradley, Norman McL.
 Bradley, Osborne
 Bradley, Wm. D.
 Breininger, Carl W.
 Brennan, John
 Brennan, Thos. Jas.
 Brewer, Francis P.
 Brant, Ivan
 Breen, James
 Briggs, Thos. L.
 Briggs, Wilfred
 Brightbill, Jas. W.
 Briner, Wallace
 Brink, Harry
 Brock, Earl A.
 Brodie, Walter
 Bromley, Frank
 Bromley, Harvey
 Brookes, Phillip Clay
 Brooks, Geo.
 Brooks, LeRoy
 Brooks, Sharpless
 Broomall, Harold S.
 Broomall, Pennock S.
 Broomall, Simon L.
 Broomall, Wm.
 Brisco, Ellsworth
 Brotherston, Wallace Mitchell
 Brown, Benj.
 Brown, C. M.
 Brown, Chas. S.
 Brown, Francis Earl
 Brown, Frederick
 Brown, Jas. M.
 Brown, Jos.
 Brown, Robert H.
 Brown, Robt.
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 Brown, Robt. W.
 Brown, Roy

Brown, Samuel D.
 Brown, Thos. G.
 Brown, Thos. W.
 Brown, Wm.
 Brown, Wm. H.
 Brunc, Emidio
 Brush, Harry
 Bryan, John
 Bryan, Wm.
 Bryant, Bartow
 Bryant, Harry
 Bryant, Wm.
 Bryat, Lovet
 Buchanan, Earl
 Buckalew, Frank J.
 Buckalew, Clarence F.
 Buckley, Clifford Stell
 Buckley, Edw. J.
 Buckley, Francis J.
 Buckley, Jos. V.
 Buebese, John S.
 Buffano, John H.
 Bulgin, Alfred
 Bunce, Jos. Robt.
 Bunting, Clement Smith
 Bunting, Geo. Miller
 Burgess, James
 Burgner, Harold
 Burlew, Roy
 Burk, Edward J.
 Burk, Harry J.
 Burk, John P.
 Burk, N. L.
 Burk, Ralph W.
 Burk, Walter Scott
 Burke, Stephen J.
 Burkholder, Harvey
 Burnhardt, Wm. P.
 Burns, Harry Dannaker
 Burns, Robt. E.
 Burns, Wm. F.
 Buscitti, Petro
 Bush, Andrew
 Butcher, T. J.
 Butler, Frank
 Butler, Robt.
 Butler, Wm.
 Byberg, Geo. L.
 Bennett, Samuel J.
 Bowsher, Robert L.

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Cadorete, Endor
 Cahall, Robt. J.
 Calloa, Oresta
 Cain, Edward
 Cain, Wm. Elmer
 Calahan, John

Calfio, Agostino
 Callahan, Chas.
 Callahan, H. J.
 Calhoun, Cecil J.
 Calicehia, Angelo
 Calvert, Grace T.
 Cameron, Daniel L.
 Campbell, Barney
 Campbell, Chas. DeWitt
 Campbell, Clarence
 Campbell, Doyle
 Campbell, Ethan A.
 Campbell, Fred B.
 Campbell, Logan
 Campbell, Richard T.
 Campbell, Robert
 Campbell, Thomas
 Campbell, Thos. J.
 Campese, Domenico
 Cann, Geo. W.
 Canavan, J. Allen
 Cannon, Elijah
 Cannon, John A.
 Carbine, Wm. J.
 Cardwell, Linwood Arthur
 Carey, Stephen Harold
 Carey, Dennis J.
 Carey, Wm.
 Carey, Wm. Jos.
 Carlo, Jos.
 Carman, John D.
 Carney, Edward
 Carpenter, Jas.
 Carpenter, Edward
 Carpenter, Harry H.
 Carr, Hugh J.
 Carr, Leo J.
 Carr, Geo. W.
 Carr, Thos.
 Carroll, Richard Norman
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 Carter, Edw. V.
 Carter, James
 Carter, Jos. E.
 Carter, Wm. H.
 Carter, Wm. M.
 Casey, Francis D.
 Casna, John
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 Caun, Geo. W.

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 Cervello, Alberto
 Chandle, Harry
 Chandler, Herbert L.
 Chandler, John Kirk
 Chandler, Wayne
 Chapman, Arthur W.
 Chapman, Wm.
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 Cherrix, Wm. T.
 Chestnut, Lawrence E.
 Chesolosky, Geo.
 Chew, Thos. E.
 Chew, Thos. H.
 Chillons, Robert
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 Christian, Isaac
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 Clancy, John L.
 Clark, Edgar G.
 Clark, Geo. T.
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 Clark, Walter
 Clare, Reginald Travis
 Clay, Otto
 Clements, Russell
 Clough, Frank R.
 Clough, Wm. Greenwood
 Cochran, Archibald Robb
 Cochran, Donald Robb
 Cochrane, Edw. Lull, Sr.
 Coe, Elwood
 Coggins, Jas. A.
 Cohall, Robert
 Cohill, Peter J.
 Cole, Rufus J.
 Coleman, Edw. Francis
 Collins, Edw. A., Jr.
 Collins, Frank
 Collins, Geo. S.
 Collins, J. H.

Collins, Storia
 Collins, Wm.
 Colman, B. H.
 Comeger, Walter H.
 Comfort, Frederick D.
 Compton, Henry
 Conley, Michael J.
 Conn, Robt. O.
 Connaway, Wm. L.
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 Conway, Howard
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 Corcoran, Edward P.
 Corey, Wm. Jas.
 Corgrove, Edw. A.
 Cornelius, Homer
 Cornelius, Wm. E.
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 Cornish, Winfield
 Correll, Toby
 Corucci, Donavantani
 Corvilens, Horner J.
 Cosgrove, Thomas
 Cottman, Clarence
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 Council, Julius K.
 Courduff, Gordon
 Courcey, John F.
 Courtney, Geo. Julian
 Covington, Stacey C.
 Cowan, Wm.
 Cowden, Asa R.
 Coyle, Philip J. C.
 Cramp, Alfred C.
 Cramp, Edmund
 Cramp, John F., Jr.
 Creechie, Eugene
 Creshio, Nugino
 Crockett, John
 Crook, Geo. T.
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 Crooms, John
 Crosby, Walter F.

Cross, Edward
Cross, Geo. H.
Cross, Jas. C.
Crossen, John Thos.
Crossett, Wm. C.
Crossland, Clarence A.
Crothers, J. L. E.
Crothers, Leroy R.
Cruk, Samuel
Crush, Milton D.
Crowley, John J.
Crowther, Paul
Cubbage, Talbot
Cuffari, Guiseppe
Culbert, Harry
Culbert, John S.
Cullis, Harry
Cummings, Aloysius M.
Cummings, Michael
Cummings, John
Cummings, Mark J.
Cunningham, William M.
Curran, Thos. E.
Curry, Albert M.
Curry, Cecil O.
Curry, Vincent
Curry, Wm.
Curtis, Frank
Cichella, Salvatore

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Daft, Horace W.
Dagenhardt, Jesse B.
Dale, John J.
Daley, James F.
Dalton, James R.
Dantonville, Edward G.
Daniels, Theodore
Dare, Earl G.
Darlak, Peter
Darzkiewicz, Michael
Datillo, Dominic
Davis, Arthur A.
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Davis, Clarence E.
Davis, Edw. J.
Davis, Geo.
Davis, Geo. C., Jr.
Davis, Geo. E. C.
Davis, Griffith Lee
Davis, John
Davis, Mark
Davis, Paul A.
Davis, Richard
Davis, Walter L.
Davis, Wm. W.
Davis, Wm. D.
Davidson, Roy

Dawson, Everett J.
Deakyne, Harry C.
Deanes, Wm. F.
Deering, Arthur
Deering, Jos. Anthony, Jr.
Defronjesko, Stephen
DeFuoso, or Delfuoco, Vincenzo
Deiter, Amos Enoch
DeLong, Albert
Delaney, John
Delaurentz, Michael
Delvescovo, Costantino
DeMarco, Antonia
Demby, Chas. H., Jr.
Dennison, Fred
Denton, Wm.
Derrickson, Wm. P.
Derry, Murell E.
Desmond, Jas. S.
Desmond, Paul J.
Detweiler,
Deutsch, Max
Devine, Michael
Devlin, Jas. A.
Devostina, Pasquale
Dewan, Earl J.
Deweese, Horace S.
DiBerio, Vincenzio
DiCarlo, Romo
DiCarimiro, Ettore
Di Carloantini, Carmine
Dickey, Wm. D.
Diestelcamp, Arthur
Digarnoro, Gionanni
Diggins, John V.
Diggs, Fred
DiLeonardo, Anthony
Dilaurenties, Michael
Dilks, John E.
Dillard, Samuel A.
Dimaula, Alexander
DiPaolo, Guiseppe
DiPietro, Michael
DiSiuppi, Cisco
Dixon, Edw. L.
Doherty, Thos. P.
Dolan, Jos.
Dolan, Lawrence
Doman, Oscar
Donahue, Philip E.
Donnelly, Chas.
Donnelly, Fred E.
Doran, Frank
Dorn, Frank J.
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Dornan, Wm. J.
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Dougherty, Daniel F.
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Dougherty, Wm. F.
Downey, Chas. P.
Downey, Leighton S.
Downing, Jos. R.
Doyle, Robert Francis
Doyle, John
Drain, Jas.
Drake, Harry
Draper, Edwin H.
Drehs, Wm. F.
Dreslin, Geo. D.
Drozdoski, Zydmont
Dubosky, Michael
Duffy, Wm. J.
Dugan, Anthony
Dugan, Jos. F.
Dunion, Edward
Dunn, Louis S.
Duofrie, Guistine D.
Dura, Leon
Durbin, Alfred
Dutton, Irwin V.
Dvorzan, Ivan
Dwyer, Edward
Dyson, James
Dyson, Wm. T.

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Earnar, John
Earner, John J.
Ebell, Frank
Edwards, Chas.
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Edwards, Howard
Edwards, Wm. J.
Eisenhauer, Geo. W.
Elbert, Junius E.
Elinger, John C.
Elliot, John R.
Elliott, Albert S.
Elliott, Fred L.
Elliott, Thos. B.
Ellis, John C.
Ellison, John
Elmqvist, Elmer
Ely, Roland S.
Emmertz, James F.
Emmertz, Lawrence J.
Emory, Gottie
Engelberg, Albert
Engelke, Wm. C.
Epslein, Max.
Epstein, Max

Epps, Warner J.
Erickson, Karl J.
Eshley, Geo.
Eshley, L.
Evans, Benj.
Evans, Eldridge D.
Evans, Geo. A.
Evans, Joel
Evans, Wm. B.
Evans, Wm. K.
Ewig, W. C.
Ewing, Alexander
Ewing, James
Ewing, LeRoy
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Eynon, John S.
Eyre, Lawrence
Eipplete, Frank
Eisenhower, George W.

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Fagan, Edward J.
Fagen, Thos. F.
Fagnani, Alfonso
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Falcine, Nicholas
Falkiner, Richard H.
Farnos, Nick
Farrant, Louis A.
Farrell, John L.
Farnan, Walter B.
Farr, Chas. A.
Farr, Ernest
Farrell, John A.
Farron, Francis C.
Farson, Enoch S., Jr.
Farson, Jas. Negley
Faulk, Wm.
Faulkner, Gordon L.
Faulls, Wm.
Federman, Alfred G.
Fedori, Nick
Felicitti, Nazareno
Fenton, Eugene
Ferguson, Clarence P.
Ferguson, John H.
Ferrando, Atillio
Ferrara, Jos. Anthony John
Ferrit, Mike
Fields, Chas.
Fields, Isaac
Fieni, Enrico
Filmore, Frank
Finch, Clyde
Finley, Wm.
Finnerty, Edw. J.
Fiortino, Nicole
Fisher, Edw.

Fisher, Mike
Flanagan, John
Flannigan, John J.
Flemming, Luke
Flemming, Wm.
Flynn, James M.
Foglio, Gennaro
Foley, Mark G.
Foley, Jos.
Foltz, Edw.
Foltz, Andrew A.
Fontana, Ascenzio
Fooks, Vigil L.
Foraker, Edward
Ford, Francis Joseph
Ford, Jas.
Ford, J. Francis
Ford, Jas. H.
Ford, James S.
Ford, Wm. Henry
Forman, Frederick
Forwood, Harry G.
Fotinos, Demos
Founds, Chas. P.
Fountain, Roland
Fountain, Samuel V.
Fountain, Vernan S.
Fouraker, Chas.
Fowden, Chas. L.
Fowg, Thos.
Frank, Ralph
Frankel, Robt. B.
Franklin, Wm.
Frame, Maurice
France, Abbot W.
Franczak, Jos.
Fraser, Harry
Fregapani, Jos.
Freidman, Samuel
Friel, Michael J.
Friel, Michael
Freimuth, Jacob
Friemuth, Philip
Frein, Enrico
Friseca, Domenick
Fritz, Clarence A.
Froct, James
Froct, Joseph
Fromal, Lewis
Frost, Jas. F.
Frost, Jos.
Fryer, Clarence R.
Fryer, Jas. B.
Fullerton, Wm.
Fulton, Geo. F.
Furlinger, John, Jr.

Furlong, Simon J.
Fusco, Frank

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Gable, Thos.
Gabreili, Ciberatore
Gainnes, Theo. N.
Gallagher, Bernard F.
Gallagher, Chas.
Gallagher, Chas. T.
Gallagher, Edw. A.
Gallagher, Francis
Gallagher, Geo. F.
Gallagher, James
Gallagher, Thos.
Gallagher, Wm. H.
Gallimore, V. B.
Galvin, Alfred M.
Gancalis, Mancell
Ganonris, Thos.
Garard, Lewis
Garbino, Giovanni
Garrett, Chas. H.
Garrity, Jos. M.
Garrity, Jos. Owen
Garrity, Thos.
Garton, Howard L.
Gartside, Arthur
Garvey, Jos. H.
Garvey, Martin
Garvey, Thos. H.
Gaskill, Frank P.
Gaul, Heilner H.
Gavin, Michael
Gawalt, Harry E.
Gawalt, John R.
George, Elias E.
George, V.
German, Wm. P.
Gerzer, Harry H.
Getty, Wm. M.
Gianfrancesco, Guiseppe
Gianterano, James
Gibbs, Frank
Gibbs, Harold G.
Gibbs, Jas.
Gibbs, Robt.
Gibson, Frank B.
Gibson, Jos. C.
Gibson, Walter
Gihorski, Michael
Gilbert, Jas.
Gilcken, Horace L.
Giles, Chauncey
Giles, Fred D.
Giles, Fred W.
Giles, Marvel McK.
Gillespie, Wm.

Gillespie, Wm. A.
 Gillian, Moses
 Gilmore, Frank C.
 Gilpin, Wm. I.
 Giovanni, Crecio
 Giovo, Luciano
 Giorgi, Steve
 Girolani, Lige
 Glanden, Wm.
 Glass, Wm. L.
 Glatts, J. Frank
 Gleitz, Chas.
 Glennan, Stephen W.
 Glenney, Jas. A. F.
 Glowaski, Joe
 Goddard, Walter
 Godsey, Schofield
 Goeke, Henry G.
 Goldsboro, Earl
 Goldsborough, Milton
 Goldsborough, Wesley
 Goldsmith, Riley
 Goode, Hubert D.
 Goodley, Chas. P.
 Goodman, Ernest
 Goodwin, Frank
 Goodwin, Chas.
 Gorden, Jas.
 Gordon, Ralph H.
 Gorham, Patrick T.
 Gorman, Jas. F.
 Goudy, Harry W.
 Gould, Jos. H.
 Graden, Ernest
 Graham, Thos.
 Grand, Mahlon
 Gramaksidopoloi, Achilles
 Grant, Dominick
 Grant, Fred B.
 Grant, Harry J.
 Graul, Milton
 Gravely, Conway
 Gray, Clarence
 Gray, Edward
 Gray, Geo. McN.
 Gray, Jas. A.
 Gray, Robert C.
 Gray, Stoddard P.
 Green, Adams J.
 Green, Casper H.
 Green, Paul
 Greenburg, Julius
 Greenhalgh, Albert
 Greenhalgh, Emmett
 Greenhalgh, John J.
 Greenhalgh, Wm. C.
 Green, Prince
 Green, Roy S.

Green, Samuel E.
 Green, Samuel L.
 Green, Thos. P.
 Green, Wm. J.
 Greenberg, Wm.
 Gregg, Louis
 Gregory, Jesse
 Gremminger, Harry
 Griest, Leroy A.
 Grooms, Howard
 Gross, Beaver
 Gross, Chas. E.
 Grossman, Irvin
 Grubb, Raymond Kenneth
 Grunda, Jonas Jos.
 Guck, John
 Guerepomo, Manoul
 Guest, Wm. F.
 Guessford, Harold W.
 Guidara, Jos.
 Guilday, Felix H.
 Guilday, Michael D.
 Guilday, Thos. Keenan
 Guistwhite, Howard
 Gunther, Edward Chas.
 Guy, Frank

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Hadjopoulos, Jas. Nick
 Hagan, Roy W.
 Haggertu, Vincent DeP.
 Haines, Warren
 Hall, Edward
 Haller, Jos. A.
 Hamilton, Albert
 Hamilton, Jas. Wayne
 Haley, Michael
 Hamilton, Geo.
 Hamilton, Jas. Wayne
 Hamilton, Robt. E.
 Hamlin, Vincent B.
 Hammond, Jeremiah
 Hammond, Saunders
 Hammond, Stephen H.
 Hance, Harvey Leroy
 Hannigan, Francis Lester
 Hannum, Howard E.
 Haney, Earl W.
 Hanby, Evans F.
 Hanby, Geo.
 Handy, Wm.
 Hanling, Arthur R.
 Hanna, Howard A.
 Hanna, Samuel V.
 Hannan, Michael
 Hannum, Jas. Ardis
 Hansell, Thos.
 Hansley, Chas. Soloman

Harden, Chas.
 Harden, Wesley
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 Hareho, Jos.
 Harkins, Fred H. E.
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 Harnyak, John
 Hartley, Walter
 Harrigan, John
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 Harris, Andrew
 Harris, Claude Elmer
 Harris, Joseph L.
 Harris, Willard
 Harrison, Beverly
 Hart, Harry
 Hart, Robt. L.
 Harvey, Frank
 Hassan, Chas. A.
 Hatton, Clarence I.
 Hauck, Chester Geo.
 Havens, Walter Wilson
 Hawley, Chas.
 Hayes, Jas. Jos.
 Hayes, Wm.
 Hayes, Wm. A.
 Haynel, Wm. O.
 Hays, Jas. Albert
 Heacock, John Gelston
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 Heany, Earl W.
 Heaps, Chester
 Heffron, Warren F.
 Helliwell, Wm. E.
 Helms, Geo. M., Jr.
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 Helms, Richard
 Hemerly, Clarence H.
 Hendrickson, Henry
 Henry, Arthur J.
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 Henry, Jos.
 Henry, Milford
 Herbert, Ross K.
 Herowicez, Harry
 Hershey, Moses
 Henson, Geo. Russell
 Hewes, Earle F.
 Hewes, Walter E.
 Hewitt, Amos J.
 Hewitt, Geo.
 Hewitt, Geo. W.
 Hewitt, Grey C.
 Hewitt, Jos.
 Hibbert, Jos.

Hicks, Jas. E.
 Hicks, Jesse
 Hickey, John J.
 Higgins, Alfred J.
 Higgins, Jefferis
 Higgins, Jos. Francis
 Higgins, Thos. H.
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 Hild, Archibald
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 Hill, Wm. W.
 Hilton, Alfred
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 Himsforth, John
 Hines, John Chester
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 Hinkle, Ernest V.
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 Hiorth, Conrad
 Hiorth, E. Harvey
 Hoffecker, Albert
 Hoffman, Albert R.
 Hoffman, Jacob F.
 Hoffman, Norman E.
 Holden, Jas. Minshall
 Holgate, Jos. E.
 Holladay, Harry
 Holland, F. Jos.
 Holland, Percy
 Hollingsworth, Walter
 Holt, Carl
 Holt, Richard H.
 Hope, Clarence C.
 Hopkins, Nelson L.
 Hopkins, Samuel F.
 Hornady, Jesse, Jr.
 Horsey, Chas.
 Houghton, Jas. A.
 Houlihan, Jas. J.
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 Howard, Leslie L.
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 Howes, John Ambrose
 Howes, Jos. Payne
 Howland, Jas. A.
 Hughes, John J.
 Humphreys, Edgar
 Hurdle, Bonard
 Hubbard, Soloman
 Hubbell, Philip N.
 Hubbell, Samuel J.
 Hueston, Walter W.
 Huestis, Wayne H.
 Huey, Jas. Evans
 Hufnal, Jos. M.
 Huggins, D. C.

Hughes, Albert B., Jr.
 Hughes, Geo. J.
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 Hughes, Herman
 Hughes, Jas. A.
 Hughes, Jas. T.
 Hughes, Ralph
 Hulton, Thos.
 Hultzapple, Earl
 Hunt, Chas.
 Hurd, Fritz Draper
 Hurst, Fred A.
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 Hutt, Arlo A.
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 Hyluszyk, Warko

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Iacono, Amello F.
 Ickes, Henry A.
 Ignaty, Pidrack
 Ilg, Wilfred
 Ingham, Lewis E.
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 Innis, James
 Ippolite, Frank
 Ireland, Geo.
 Irving, Edward B.
 Irwin, C. C.
 Ivers, Patrick F.
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Jack, Arthur C.
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 Jackson, Henry
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 James, Harry F.
 Jankowski, Stafen
 Jaquette, Carl
 Jardine, Earl G.
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 Jastrzemski, Dominick
 Jefferis, Jas. A.
 Jefferis, Willieforde Wallace
 Jeffries, Jos. H.

Jenkins, Wm. T.
 Jennings, Addie
 Jester, John R.
 Jiannini, Antony
 Johnson, Jas. S.
 Johnson, Oly A.
 Johnson, Samuel J.
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 Jones, Jas. B.
 Jones, L. F., Jr.
 Jonocopolos, Torrantes
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 Johnson, John
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 Johnston, A. S.
 Jones, Chas. C.
 Jones, Mitchell R. H.
 Jones, Norman
 Jones, Steven
 Jones, Walter
 Jones, Wm. H.
 Jones, Zara W.
 Jonto, Angelo
 Jopp, Samuel Irvin
 Joseph, Chas. R.
 Joseph, E. Paul
 Journey, Robert J.
 Joy, John J.

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Kaellis, Alexander
 Kalinoski, Wm.
 Kaller, Jos.
 Kelly, Harry A.
 Kamin, Abe
 Kaufman, Harry A.
 Keyser, Wm.
 Kazlawski, Anthony
 Kealey, John H.
 Kealley, Edw.
 Kealley, Jack
 Kearne, James V.
 Keeley, Harry J.
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Keeley, Jos.
 Keenan, Harry H.
 Keenan, John
 Keener, Wm.
 Keers, Jos. Valentine
 Keers, Wm. H.
 Keeseey, Morton H.
 Keeseey, Wm. V.
 Keeth, Louis
 Keevs, W. Harold
 Kegal, Frederick W.
 Keilholtz, Frederick
 Kelly, Fred
 Kelso, Arthur
 Kemmerle, Ernest
 Kemmerle, J. Ross
 Kennard, Clarence
 Kennedy, Jas.
 Kennedy, J. Andrew
 Kennedy, Wm.
 Kenyon, John T.
 Kenyon, Samuel
 Kern, Elwood J.
 Kershaw, Clarence
 Kershaw, Frank
 Kesevecses, August
 Keys, Harry
 Kibler, Francis Anthony
 Kibler, F. A.
 Kidd, John Edward
 Kienzle, Frank
 Kilduffe, Robt. A.
 Killoran, Jas. S.
 Killoran, John
 Kilmore, Robt. E.
 Kilpatrick, Earl
 Kilpatrick, Nelson
 Kilson, Raymond A.
 Kimber, Andrew
 Kimber, Wm. C. J.
 King, Chester R.
 King, Jas. B.
 King, Langston
 King, John J.
 Kinslow, Chas.
 Kiriluk, John
 Kirk, Geo. E.
 Kirkman, Edw. R.
 Kirkman, Geo. B., Jr.
 Kirkman, John Edward
 Kirkman, Robt. T. B.
 Kirtz, Elmer
 Kissinger, Eugene A., Jr.
 Kitchen, Wm. L.
 Kitts, Edw. B.
 Kitish, Jos. B.
 Klein, Geo.
 Klenchuk, Dmitri

Klimko, Andrew J.
 Klucker, Howard E.
 Klum, Geo.
 Knarr, William
 Knight, Wm., Jr.
 Knox, Robt.
 Koplin, Maxwell
 Kochan, Peter S.
 Koechurt, Ernest H.
 Koleta, John
 Kolosiko, Frank
 Konigen, John
 Kress, Peter
 Kret, Max
 Krotee, Leo A.
 Koury, Jos. A.
 Krow, Willis
 Kuntz, Albert
 Kurash, Stephen

L

Lahey, Thos.
 Lainhauser, Chas. F.
 Lamach, Geo. Walter
 Lamach, Walter
 LaManna, John
 Lambert, A.
 Lamey, Jesse E.
 Lamphey, Stephen
 Lancarick, Andro
 Lanken, Reuben
 Lansen, Wm. J.
 Lariasseos, Chariloas
 Larkin, Wm. C.
 LaRock, Lester
 Latini, Frank
 Lathbury, Geo. H.
 Laudio, Jas.
 Laughead, Jas. K.
 Laughead, John N.
 Laurello, Phillippo
 Lauriellos, Sabatino
 Lauser, Wm.
 Laventure, Alonzo
 Laviola, Seraphina
 Lawles, Chas.
 Lawless, Matthew
 Lawrence, Emory E.
 Laws, Jacob
 Lazaruk, Harry
 Lazor, Peter
 Leach, Albert H.
 Leach, Rufus E.
 Leake, Geo. R.
 Leary, Harry
 Leary, John J.
 Leary, Michael J.
 Leary, Wm.

Lee, Byram
 Lee, John N.
 Leetch, Geo. A.
 Leflar, LeRoy Edison
 Leister, Walter
 Lemin, Leo F.
 Lemin, Richard P.
 Lentz, Chas.
 Leonard, Wm. F.
 Lerch, Byron B.
 Levy, Bennett
 Levy, Isaac
 Lewandowski, Frank
 Lewandowsky, Stephen
 Lewis, Calvin C.
 Lewis, John L.
 Lewis, Lee A.
 Lewis, Wm. G.
 Lewoi, Paul
 Liberatore, Gabreili
 Lichtenhahn, LeRoy
 Likens, Geo. S.
 Likens, John
 Lilley, Geo. H., Jr.
 Lilley, Jas.
 Lilley, John
 Lilley, Jos. P.
 Lilley, Leonard B.
 Lingle, John C.
 Lingle, J. E.
 Linski, Yocum
 Lippiololis, Jack
 Littleton, John F.
 Lively, Leonard
 Lively, Leward
 Livesey, Thos.
 Lloyd, Wilson
 Locke, Max
 Locke, Milburn
 Locke, Spencer
 Lofland, Howard F.
 Logan, Robt. C.
 Lohrman, Jos. A.
 Long, Albert
 Long, Wm. B.
 Longbotham, John
 Longbotham, John Chas.
 Longo, Jos.
 Lops, Anol
 Lopuszynski, Stefan
 Loughhead, Howard
 Loughery, Jas. W.
 Loughran, Michael P.
 Louinis, Steve
 Louth, Geo.
 Loveland, Alonzo
 Loveland, Wm.
 Lowry, Wm.

Lowry, Chas. T.
 Lowry, David
 Lowry, Lewis E.
 Lowther, Allen T.
 Luciano, Angelini
 Lucicino, Rcdith
 Luckie, Edw. B.
 Luckie, Jas. Barton
 Luckie, Leslie G.
 Luigi, Pompili
 Lund, L. Edwin
 Lurran, Chas.
 Luther, Allen
 Lykens, Albert
 Lynch, Edmund W.
 Lynch, Geo. Wm.
 Lynch, John Frank
 Lynch, Martin
 Lythe, Gilbert

M

Macauley, Peter L.
 Macconi, Pasquale
 MacCulley, Frank Earl
 MacDonald, E. N.
 MacDonald, Jos.
 MacDonald, Geo.
 MacFayden, W. R. C.
 MacIntyre, John L.
 Mack, Francis Alvin
 Maddox, Robert R.
 Magee, Howard
 Maggio, Carmello
 Magin, Thos. F.
 Magnavita, Geo.
 Maguigen, Paul M.
 Maguire, Chas. B.
 Maguire, Leo
 Maguire, Thos. L.
 Maher, Jos. F.
 Mahoney, Andrew J.
 Mailman, Henry
 Maisn, Geo. Knowles
 Maisn, Wm. Henry
 Major, Herbert
 Major, Horace
 Maker, Jas.
 Maley, Martin
 Malges, Gennario
 Malichi, Jordon
 Mancini, Lenizi
 Mander, Santee S.
 Manley, Wm. G.
 Mann, Edw.
 Mannering, Wilmer N.
 Mansby, Wm.
 Mansfield, Roby
 Maone, Nicholas

Maragos, Peter
 Marantino, John
 Marchese, Luigi
 Maresi, Enrico
 Marinelli, Augustine
 Marin, Lewis
 Marks, Elmer A.
 Marsden, Albert
 Marshall, Horace W.
 Marshall, Newlin
 Marshall, Everett
 Martilla, Eino
 Martin, Chas.
 Martin, Robt.
 Martin, Steve J.
 Martin, Arthur
 Martin, F. B.
 Martin, Frank
 Martin, Jas. A.
 Martin, Ralph P.
 Martin, Robert C.
 Marvel, Frank
 Marvel, Walter
 Mason, Chas. W.
 Mason, Edw.
 Mason, Finley
 Mason, L. F.
 Mason, Thos. T.
 Mason, Wm. Henry
 Massey, Chas. F.
 Massey, Norman S.
 Matherson, Geo.
 Matonti, Vincezo
 Matteo, Celeste
 Matthews, Albert
 Matthews, Geo.
 Mattioli, Jos.
 Mature, Anthony
 Maxfield, Albert
 Mayesky, Walter
 Meade, Chas.
 Meade, Shelton
 Mealing, Walter H.
 Medley, Earnest P.
 Meekan, Robt., Jr.
 Meffield, Lehue
 Meinzer, Edw. J.
 Meinzer, Wm. J.
 Melchior, Luco A.
 Melchioure, Peter
 Mendenhall, Jos. Harlan
 Meola, Anthony Wm.
 Mercandante, Jerry G.
 Mercer, Ernest J. S.
 Mesby, Clifford
 Meyers, A. R.
 Miceli, Philip
 Michael, Vitalino

Michele, Robt.
 Middleton, David
 Miles, Chas. Carson
 Miles, D.
 Miles, J.
 Miles, Ralph
 Miles, Oscar Park
 Milia, Salvatore
 Miller, Charles M.
 Miller, Bennie
 Miller, Earl H.
 Miller, Frank
 Miller, Harry
 Miller, Howard
 Miller, Leon
 Miller, Leroy W.
 Miller, Lucien
 Miller, Peter
 Miller, Samuel B.
 Miller, Thos. H.
 Miller, Wm. W.
 Mills, Ralph C.
 Mills, Thos.
 Mills, Wm.
 Minott, Ray M.
 Missimer, Geo.
 Missimer, Jos.
 Mitchell, Ferrid W.
 Mitchell, Geo. S., Jr.
 Mitchell, Harry T.
 Mitchell, John E.
 Mitchell, Walter S.
 Mixon, Harry T.
 Mochnaly, Jos.
 Money, Jas. E.
 Monroe, Henry
 Monroe, John
 Monroe, Michael
 Monroe, Wayne
 Montgomery, Clyde B.
 Moody, Wm.
 Moore, Calvin
 Moore, Chas.
 Moore, Herman C.
 Moore, Louis Vincent
 Moore, Wm. E.
 Moose, Wm.
 Moozakes, Tom D.
 Moran, Patrick
 Moreau, Victor
 Moretti, Antonio
 Morgan, Frank
 Morgan, Geo.
 Morgan, John
 Morley, Thos.
 Morlock, Herbert V.
 Morson, Aloysius F.
 Mortimer, Antony

Mortland, Clarence L.
Morton, Chas. E.
Morton, Chas. E.
Morris, Arthur Gilbert
Morris, Frank
Morris, Herbert
Morris, Howard F.
Morris, Victor
Morris, Thurston McK.
Morrison, Frank
Moseley, Benj. C.
Moseley, Harry J.
Moseley, Lentz G.
Moses, Wm. P.
Mosley, Benj.
Mosser, Geo. D.
Motley, Lewis
Moulder, Ed. D.
Mounie, Chas.
Mousley, Edw.
Mousley, Harry
Moyer, Cornelius W.
Moyer, Jos.
Mullen, Chas. A.
Mullen, Daniel L.
Mullin, Jos. A.
Mulligan, John J.
Mullins, Harold
Mumford, Oscar
Murazewski, Boleslaw
Muro, Alexander
Murphy, Edw. J.
Murphy, Frances E.
Murphy, Francis L.
Murphy, Howard V.
Murphy, Hugh E.
Murphy, Murry J.
Murphy, Timothy
Murphy, Wm. J.
Murray, Francis G.
Murray, Geo. B.
Murray, Thos. E.
Murray, Wm.
Murry, Edw. J.
Musser, Clarence
Muzzy, Frederick
Myers, Robt. B.

Mc

McAllister, Chas. H.
McAllister, Jos. A.
McAndrews, Thos.
McAteer, Hugh, Jr.
McAteer, Jas.
McAteer, John
McBride, Edw. J.
McCaffrey, Wm. E.
McCain, John R.

McCann, Robt. E.
McCarron, Edw.
McCarty, Daniel J.
McCarty, John Jos.
McCarty, Philip J.
McClashion, Daniel
McClay, Samuel J.
McClay, Wm. A.
McClurg, John F.
McCoach, Geo.
McCoach, Wm.
McCole, Howard C.
McConnell, Chas. W.
McConnell, Wm.
McCoy, Gerald B.
McCoy, Jas.
McCoy, Jas. F.
McCoy, Howard J.
McCoy, LeRoy G.
McCray, Heston D., Jr.
McCray, Geo.
McCullough, Chas.
McDade, Edw. J.
McDaniel, Henry
McDevitt, Dennis
McDevitt, John A.
McDevitt, Wm. J.
McDonald, Jos.
McDowell, Stanley L.
McDowell, Wesley
McElvaine, Arthur
McElvaine, Wm.
McElwee, Bernard
McElwee, John
McFate, Thos. J.
McGinley, Edw. F., Jr.
McGinn, Daniel
McGinn, John
McGinnis, Chas.
McGlontin, Howard
McGovern, Wm.
McGowan, Jas. P.
McGowan, Jas.
McGraw, Jas. J.
McGraw, Richard
McGucken, Patrick J.
McGuire, Walter J.
McGurk, Alexander
McHugh, John Jos.
McIntyre, Archie
McIntyre, Lawrence F.
McIntyre, J. L.
McIntyre, Wm.
McKee, Percy A.
McKelvey, Walter R.
McKelvey, Wm.
McKenna, John F.
McKenna, Thos.

McKenna, Wm.
McKeown, Wm.
McKinney, Arthur J.
McKinney, Earnest
McKinnon, Samuel
McKuine, Walter J.
McLain, Russell
McLaughlin, Frank L.
McLaughlin, Howard N.
McLaughlin, Jas. F.
McLaughlin, Jas. J.
McLaughlin, John A.
McLaughlin, Jos. C.
McLaughlin, Jos. L.
McLaughlin, Mark Jas.
McLaughlin, Michael
McLean, Jas. T.
McMackin, Jas.
McMaster, John
McMillan, Hugh, Jr.
McMillen, Robt.
McMonegal, Thos. Jos.
McNabb, Thos. J.
McNultry, John
McSherry, Harry
McVey, Edgar
McVey, John T.

N

Nagada, Fefan
Nagles, Jas. E.
Nalinsky, Edw.
Nardecchia, Guiseppe
Nardichia, Silenzio
Nardi, Alexander
Natale, Anthony
Natale, John J.
Navin, Gerald
Nelson, Hunter
Nelson, John T.
Nerone, Francesco
Nethery, Arthur B.
Newlin, Benj.
Newlin, Elmer L.
News, Chas.
News, Lawrence F.
News, Samuel
Newsome, Gardner
Newsome, Jas.
Nichols, Roy
Nicholson, Thos. H.
Nicola, Gillipa
Nicola, Piccivilli
Nicoloni, Antonio
Nini, Jos
Nini, Nazareno
Nixon, Harry T.
Nixon, Howard E.

Nixon, Robt. A.
Noden, Edw. Harold
Nolan, John
Nolan, John A.
Norbeck, Philip M.
Norsk, John C.

O

O'Brien, Frederick
O'Brien, Shirley C.
O'Brien, Wm. J.
O'Carroll, Francis Patrick
O'Donnell, Alfred
O'Donnell, John
O'Donnell, Wm.
O'Neill, Daniel R.
O'Leary, Martin E.
O'Meara, Francis A.
O'Meara, John J.
O'Melia, Wm. E.
O'Neal, Thos. J.
O'Rourke, John T.
Ochsenfeld, John H.
Ogden, Lewis A.
Oglesby, Harry N.
Oglesby, P. P.
Okeleki, John
Oliver, Frederick M.
Olsen, Gordon M.
Olver, Chas. Wey
Opps, Victor J.
Orfield, Frederick J.
Oronzio, Dominic
Orr, Adrian V. B.
Oser, Paul
Oxenford, Edw. C.
Oxenford, John W.
Ozer, Samuel

P

Pace, Vincenzo
Packer, Frank J.
Packer, Jos.
Padua, Cirico
Page, Louis R.
Page, Robt. H., Jr.
Pagnacao, Pietro
Paladeni, Angelo
Palma, Jas.
Palmer, Frank
Palmer, Harry
Palmer, Percy
Palumbo, Pasquale
Panasik, Samuel
Pancoast, Wilbur H.
Panco, Frank
Parent, Jos.
Park, David

Park, Joseph
Parker, John
Parker, Leroy
Parkinson, Wm. F.
Parry, Vernon
Perry, Horace M.
Pascale, Mike
Pasquini, Francesco
Passaro, Guiseppe
Patterson, Edw. W.
Patterson, Frederick
Paulos, Andrew
Pautalone, Frank
Pavlo, Francesco
Paxson, Frank G.
Peer, Geo. N.
Pender, Edw.
Pennackis, Pietro
Pennington, George
Penny, Jos. W.
People, Geo. R.
Peroga, Simona
Perrigan, Howard
Perrigan, John K.
Perrigan, John R.
Petro, Dan.
Peters, Edw. F.
Peters, Geo. A.
Peters, Jacob
Peters, Ralph
Peters, Wm. Paul
Peterson, Henry L.
Pettyjohn, Clifton B.
Peval, John
Philbin, James J.
Phillips, Harry
Phillips, John W.
Phillips, Raymond
Phillips, Thos. J.
Phillips, Wm. R.
Piccirilli, Nicola
Pickens, Wm. A.
Pidrak, Ignatz
Pierce, Chas. F.
Pierce, Elwood F.
Pierce, Lawrence
Pierce, Nathan Jas.
Pierce, Ralph
Pierce, Vance A.
Pierce, Walter
Pierce, Warren R.
Pierce, Wm. H.
Pierson, Elmer J.
Pierson, Rider
Pilger, Frank
Pilger, Lewis
Pilkington, Clarence
Piquett, Jos.

Piroddi, Primo
Pisticoudis, Theo.
Pistolesi, Angelo
Pitts, Richards
Pitts, Wm. Alexander
Pizzillo, Pompolio
Plummer, G. D.
Pocari, Thos.
Pocopio, Frank
Poirier, Ernest J.
Poirier, Lewis
Polk, Geo. T.
Pollock, John R.
Pollock, Ward R.
Polonka, Woyceh
Ponjak, Harry
Porter, Norman D.
Postly, Ernest
Potts, Louis
Poulson, Wm. Wilson
Powell, Frank N.
Powell, Robt. C.
Powell, Thos. C.
Powers, Richard C.
Pratt, John
Pratt, Robt.
Predow, Thos.
Prendergast, John J.
Prendergast, Thos. J.
Presta, Frank
Preston, John F.
Preston, Leonard W.
Prestopini, Arthur
Price, Benj.
Price, Daniel
Price, George D.
Price, Howard C.
Price, Morris
Price, Samuel A.
Price, Terrill E.
Price, Wm. A.
Price, Wm. G., Jr.
Pritchard, Norton E.
Privatera, Samuel
Procopis, Frank
Pronasti, Dominic
Provenzano, Benedetto
Provost, Wm. R.
Pugh, John
Purcell, Thos. J.
Purnell, Howard

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Quann, Robert E.
Queen, Oscar
Quill, Daniel J., Jr.
Quillan, Albert H.
Quinn, Harry J.

Quinn, Herbert T.
Quinn, Hugh
Quinta, Vincent
Quirino, Pasquale

R

Radokis, P. Costas
Raeson, Soloman
Raidite, Luciano
Rains, Milo E.
Ralston, Matthew A.
Ramsey, William G.
Randlich, Louis
Rankin, James L.
Rankin, Robert L.
Raughley, Arlington D.
Raughley, Leonard C.
Rawley, Ernest, Jr.
Rawlins, John
Ray, W. L.
Rea, Hugh Kendig
Reading, Albert A.
Realey, Henry G.
Reaney, Robert J.
Rechuba, Nicholas
Reddington, Edward
Redgraves, Raymond
Read, Harry
Reece, Anthony J.
Reed, Harry
Reed, Josiah A.
Reed, Willis G.
Reeder, James McK.
Regas, Anthony
Regent, Horace
Reese, Bee R.
Regino, Jas.
Rehrmann, Jos. F.
Reider, Myer
Reilly, Charles J.
Reilly, John
Reinhardt, Alvin C.
Reinhardt, Mark J.
Reischer, Noah J.
Rennie, James Homer
Resistino, Rigerio
Restaneo, Frank
Reynolds, Blythe M.
Rhoads, Albert W.
Rhoads, Wm. J.
Rice, Harry
Rice, Homer
Rice, William G.
Ricci, John
Rich, Charles C.
Ricciardi, Luigi
Riddle, Francis J.
Rifenburg, Orville L.

Rigby, Charles E.
Riggs, Harry T.
Righter, Joseph D.
Riley, Robert
Riley, Roland K.
Rittenhart, Alvin
Ritzel, Frank
Roach, John J.
Robbins, Hillary
Robbins, Joseph
Roberts, Edward
Roberts, John Marion
Roberts, Victor
Roberts, William Palmer
Robertson, James W.
Robertson, John G.
Robertson, Joseph
Robertson, Wm.
Robinson, Benjamin
Robinson, David
Robinson, Edward T.
Robinson, Geo. W.
Robinson, Harry G., Jr.
Robinson, James A.
Robinson, Lewis G.
Robinson, Luther E.
Robinson, Robert P.
Robinson, Thomas J.
Robinson, Winfield
Robinson, Wm.
Roche, Edward
Rodgers, Henry
Rodgers, James C.
Roehrig, Charles A.
Rogers, Walter
Romeii, Peter
Roop, James Clawson
Rose, David
Rose, Nick
Rosenberg, Maurice
Rosenberger, Benjamin
Rosenberger, John C.
Ross, Byron G.
Ross, Charles Graham
Ross, Earl
Ross, Geo.
Ross, James M.
Ross, Wilson
Routhkowski, Anthony
Rowe, Ed.
Rowe, Robt. B.
Rowland, Charles A.
Ruddock, Alexander L.
Ruede, Irvin Theodore
Rumford, Frank S.
Rumford, Fred H.
Rush, Frank P.
Rush, James H.

Russ, Harry
Russo, Guiseppe
Ruthkowski, John
Rutter, Edwin W.
Ryan, Joseph
Ryan, Robert I.
Ryan, Thos. J.
Ryan, William Jos.
Rywacki, Waclaw

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Sabourin, Eugene A.
Sacherski, Anthony
Sakers, Ralph
Saks, Max
Saldal, Raymond
Salvatore, Sam Sofia
Samara, John
Samke, Wycal
Sammons, Ray Melson
Samuels, Alexander
Sancken, Jacob
Sanderlin, William B. F.
Sanders, Thurman
Sanocki, Stanley
Sanowka, John
Sapovits, Charles J.
Sarrowzotti, Guiseppe
Satterfield, Harry
Saunders, Raymond
Sauers, Edward
Sauers, Harry
Saunders, Charles
Saunders, George
Saunders, Sherwood
Savini, Giuseppe
Savino, Antonio
Sawoi, Steve
Saylor, Daniel
Scallan, John J.
Scallan, Thos.
Scanlan, Charles B.
Scattergood, Barton H.
Schelling, Jesse E.
Schlosbom, John J.
Schmeltzer, Richard A.
Schmidt, Rudolph K.
Schramiski, Jacob
Schuupp, John C., Jr.
Scialla, Domenico
Sciamanna, Francesco
Scipione, Genarro
Sckywon, Angelo
Scott, George
Scott, James
Scott, John B.
Scott, William
Scott, William J.

Scott, W. K.
Schulman, Harry J.
Scully, Vincent
Seitz, August W.
Seitz, Leonard
Selby, Fuller C.
Selby, Wm.
Selig, Harry
Selner, Charles
Seltzer, Clarence
Senft, Theodore
Sgrillo, Anthony
Shannon, William
Sharldsen, Frank
Sharp, Norman
Sharpiess, Edward J.
Sharpless, Walter R.
Shaub, Luther G.
Shaw, Alfred
Shaw, John W.
Shaw, Thomas E.
Shay, Thomas
Shea, George J.
Sheaf, Raymond
Shelly, Luther G.
Shenosky, Felix
Sheppard, Leonidas Howard
Sheridan, Philip J.
Sherman, Russell Job
Shettsline, Benjamin G.
Shields, David J.
Shields, Geo. P.
Shields, John J.
Shields, Milton W.
Shields, William J.
Shinehouse, John E.
Shinkel, Charles
Showell, Caleb J.
Shoemaker, John W.
Short, Harry C.
Showell, Calvin
Shuster, Arthur L.
Siciua, John
Sickel, George B.
Sidwell, Samuel Lawrence
Siegel, Max
Silcox, Chas. S.
Silcox, William D.
Sill, William Franklin
Silver, William T.
Simcox, Howard L.
Simkus, Anthony
Simmons, Albert
Simms, George H.
Simpson, Albert E.
Simpson, Alexander
Simpson, Alpheus J.
Simpson, Francis Earl

Simpson, Isaac
Siraduk, Dimitro
Siragusa, Basa
Siusla, William
Skillman, Herbert S.
Slater, William
Slonko, Walter
Small, Frank
Smalley, Joseph J.
Smedley, Herbert H.
Smith, Alexander
Smith, Arthur
Smith, Bruce Allen
Smith, Clarence
Smith, David M., Jr.
Smith, Frank A.
Smith, George T.
Smith, Hallowell
Smith, John F.
Smith, John J.
Smith, John W.
Smith, Joseph F. Jr.
Smith, Kellar F.
Smith, Luther
Smith, Martin
Smith, Raymond H.
Smith, Roy J.
Smith, Thomas H.
Smith, Walter Clarence
Smith, William C.
Smith, William F.
Smolin, Andrew
Snyder, Thomas
Soles, Harry G.
Solidk, William
Soloman, William
Solomito, Joseph
Soltner, Antone
Soltner, John J. R.
Sorcuss, M. J.
Sparks, Lewis B. R.
Spattig, Emil
Spence, Charles
Spence, William
Sperry, Elton G.
Spiegel, Harry
Spitznas, James E.
Springer, Edward H.
Sproul, John Roach
Sreman, Wilbert
Stafford, Henry A.
Stake, James
Stanislow, Yajiko
Stanley, Henry
Stanley, James K.
Stansbury, Benj. K.
Stark, Mortimer
Stark, Samuel

Starr, Clarence T.
Starr, William L.
Statter, Fred J.
Stavolo, James
St. Claire, Jos. O.
Steen Frank
Stein, Frank
Stein, Hyman
Stein, George, Jr.
Stein, Theodore W.
Steininger, Roy H.
Stephanos, George
Steptoe, William Evans
Sterrett, Sam. J.
Sternick, Harry
Stevens, William
Stevenson, Alfred
Stevenson, Charles
Stevenson, Frank W.
Stevenson, Richard R.
Stewart, Albert S.
Stewart, George
Stewart, George M.
Stewart, Harry
Stewart, Lawrence F.
Stewart, Leroy C.
Steysnicko, Leon
Stinson, Frank
Stirling, Harold H.
Stockman, William J.
Stoever, John Wilson
Stokes, Philip M.
Stoneroad, Samuel
Stout, Joseph W.
Stouts, Dewey
Straehle, Earl
Straehle, Louis
Strain, James
Strain, John
Stringer, Joseph S., Jr.
Summers, Mulbin
Surynt, Wm.
Sutcliffe, Fred
Swanger, Lawrence R.
Swanwick, Frank
Sweatman, Thos.
Sweeney, Joseph Leon
Sweeney, Harry, Jr.
Sweeney, Henry G.
Sweeney, Robson B.
Swontek, Peter
Sykes, Edwin C.
Sykes, Thomas J. Clayton
Szelonouski, L.
Szymanski, Walter

T

Talbot, John F.

Tangreti, Gaetono
Targuini, Domenico
Tarry, John
Tassoni, Luciane
Tate, Jarvis F.
Tate, Wm.
Taylor, Alfred G.
Taylor, Elwood
Taylor, Finley
Taylor, Harry A.
Taylor, Henry
Taylor, Herbert H.
Taylor, Howard Morton
Taylor, Jas. B.
Taylor, Jas. I. Chas.
Taylor, John C.
Taylor, John G.
Taylor, John H.
Taylor, John W.
Taylor, John W. G.
Taylor, Robt.
Taylor, Wm. H.
Tearchna, Paul
Techton, John Matthew
Techton, John M.
Temple, Wm. H.
Tereschenka, Wm. E.
Terry, Daniel
Terry, Wm. K.
Tetor, John
Tharlson, Frank C.
Thomas, Albert
Thomas, Cleaver S.
Thomas, Frank
Thomas, Harry
Thomas, Herman
Thomas, Joel L.
Thomas, Martin
Thomas, Peter
Thomas, Robt. J.
Thomas, Roy
Thomas, Samuel E.
Thomas, Theodore W.
Thomas, Wm. G.
Thomas, Wm. M.
Thomas, Zeke
Thompson, Albert J.
Thompson, Donald C.
Thompson, Franklin C.
Thompson, John F.
Thompson, John G.
Thompson, John W.
Thompson, Kenneth W.
Thomason, Wm.
Thorpe, Charles
Thorpe, Wm. H.
Timmins, Clifford
Tindall, Everett

Tinley, Fletcher
Tisdale, Alexander V.
Tisdale, Henry E.
Trainer, Albert
Trainer, John F.
Tribbet, Chas.
Trippett, Allen
Trippett, Walter
Trippitt, Wm.
Trogone, Tony
Trumbull, Ghorais D.
Truax, Walter G.
Truitt, Christie A.
Todd, Wm.
Tollin, Abram
Tomlin, Wilfred
Toomey, Cornelius Jos.
Tongue, John Watson
Tonge, Earl Stokes
Tonge, Ralph Sumner
Turner, Julius
Turner, Louis
Turner, Richard B.
Turk, Mervyn Russell
Turiano, Camelo
Toppin, Alexander
Towilson, Arthur E.
Townsend, Wm.
Tyson, Jas. H.

U

Ulle, John
Ullman, Roland G. E.
Uff, —

V

Vance, James L.
VanHorn, James E.
Vannaman, Thomas
Vantine, Joseph M.
VanTine, William
Vasilopoulos, Nicolas
Velomo, Enrico.
Vernon, Thomas W.
Vespasiano, August
Viruso, Joseph
Vitell, Silvia
Vittrio, Dalti
Volkhardt, Robert A.
Volski, Vincent
Volturo, Michele
Voosellino, Joseph
Voshelle, Samuel A.
Voshelle, Walter Hilbert
Voulgaris, Basil

W

Waler, John

Walinsky, Edward
Walker, Chas.
Walker, Frank R.
Walker, Jacob L.
Walker, Jas.
Walker, Jesse
Walker, John Munroe
Walker, Malcolm Carlyle
Walker, Parcell
Wallace, Columbus
Walls, Harry Wilmont, Jr.
Walsh, Geo.
Walsh, Michael J.
Wallace, Jos.
Wallis, Chas. H.
Walls, Riley
Walsh, Edw.
Walters, N. R.
Wamsley, David
Waples, Gilbert C.
Ward, Frank K.
Ward, Graham
Ward, John S.
Ward, Thomas J.
Warden, Ben Tilford
Warden, Julian Carlisle
Warfel, Arthur
Warner, Herbert
Warrick, Stephen L. C.
Warwick, William
Washington, Henry Dixon
Wasilow, Peter
Water, Albert R.
Waters, James
Watkins, Ernest M.
Watkins, Howard A.
Watkins, Thos. R.
Watmuff, Percy
Watson, John
Watson, Jas. A.
Watson, Jos. L.
Watson, Milton
Watson, Samuel
Watson, Thos. C.
Watson, Thos. R.
Watson, Wm.
Watters, Leslie
Watts, Chas.
Watz, Geo.
Way, Wm. L.
Weaver, Wm. Wesley
Webster, Daniel
Webster, Geo. C., Jr.
Weeks, Jos. Borton
Welch, Geo.
Wells, Ernest
Wells, Jas. E.
Welsh, Louis F.

West, Chas. H.
West, Lawrence
West, Samuel T.
Wetherill, John Larkin
Whaley, Lawrence
Whisher, Henry
Whitekunas, Geo.
Whiteley, Louis
Wholahan, Jos.
Wholahan, Raymond
Whyat, Jos.
Wigostky, Soloman
Wild, Herbert J.
Wiley, David A.
Wiley, Fred E.
Wiley, Raymond H.
Wilkie, Frank J.
Willeke, Matthew G.
Wilkins, Noble
Wilkins, Thos. W.
Wilkinson, Ralph N.
Williams, Chas.
Williams, Chas. H.
Williams, Cornelius M.
Williams, David Albert
Williams, Frank E.
Williams, Ira R.
Williams, John H.
Williams, Jos R.
Williams, Kid
Williams, Leo J.
Williams, LeRoy
Williams, Paul
Williams, Percy C.
Williams, Thos.
Williams, Washington
Willis, Horace R.
Wilson, Chas. E.
Wilson, Clifford

Wilson, Cornelius E.
Wilson, Elmer
Wilson, Henry
Wilson, Samuel
Wilson, Wm.
Wimble, Wm. E.
Wise, Howard O.
Wisland, Roy M.
Wolfe, Frank
Wolson, Henry
Wolson, Julius
Wood, Chas., Jr.
Wood, Chas. E.
Wood, Herbert
Wood, Jas. Wm.
Wood, Jesse
Wood, Samuel R.
Woodcock, John D.
Woodrow, Ralph O.
Woodruff, J. Ralph
Wooley, Ernest
Woolley, John W.
Wooters, Leslie
Wooters, Lester
Worrell, Chas. E.
Worthy, Judge
Wright, Earl C.
Wright, Geo.
Wright, Hervey B.
Wright, Thos. E.
Wright, Wm. H., Jr.
Wroblewski, John
Wuchicki, John
Wyatt, Jos. E., Jr.

Y

Yakumus, Dan
Yarkamarik, Frank
Yavaroski, Bronislaw

Yeager, Andrew B.
Yelton, Clarence
Yoder, Edgar Crandall
Yost, James
Young, Harry E.
Young, John
Youskowskie, Anthony
Yurkunis, Joseph A.

Z

Zaremsky, Stephen
Zimmer, Wm. R.
Zimmerman, A. F.

NURSES

Bessinger, Miss —
Carphardt, Josephine
Coleman, Dolly
Connolly, Anna
Dilks, Helen
Disart, Nellie
Dunlap, Eva
Lappin, Carrie
McGuire, Mary
McKinney, Maude
Manson, Anna
Martin, Flora B.
Montgomery, Joanna
Montgomery, Virginia L.
Morton, Laura
Strain, Anna
Quillen, Edith
Winkler, Frances

RED CROSS CANTEEN (Overseas)

Starr, Mary F.

Note—Despite all efforts to secure a complete list of those in the several branches of the United States service, this roster is not complete.

